LEXINGTON, K. FRIDAY, MAY 14, 1819.

VOL. XXXIII.

section of land each; which said James, John, Isaac, Jacob, Abraham, Rebecca, and Nancy, are children of Cakima, a Potawatamie woman, sister of Topinibe, principal chief of the nation; and six of the sections berein granted, shall be located from the mouth of the Tippacanoe river, down the Wabash river, and the other six sections shall be located at the mouth of Flint river.

of Flint river.

There shall be granted to Perig, a Potawa-

Jonathan Jenniags.

Lewis Cass.

B. Parke.

In testimony whereof, I have caused the seal of the United States to be hereun-to affixed, and have signed the same

with my hand.

Done at the city of Washington, this fifteenth day of January, in the year
of our Lord one thousand eight
hundred and mineteen, and in the

Secretery of State.

TO THE LADIES.

MRS. SAUNDERS,

DEGS leave to inform the Ladies of Lexington and the vicinity, that she has removed her MILLINERY STORE to the corner

of Mill-street, on Main-street, and has receiv-

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

AS removed his Office from Main-street,
to his residence on Limestone-street—

here he may be found by those persons have

Leslie Combs,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

HHS removed his office to GAINES' CORNER, next door to Shreve & Combs' on Short-

street. In addition to his duties in the Fayette

Courts, he will attend punctually to any business confided to him in Clarke and Jessamine.

Clocks & Watches

Eight Day Clocks, & a variety of

Watches;

BUSINESS. Those who wish to favour him with their custom, will please to apply at his

Shop on Main-street, a few doors above the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank in Lexington,

and nearly opposite Keen's Tavern.

He begs leave to inform Silversmiths, Merchants and others, that he has lately establish-

SILVER THIMBLES,

has for sale, a quantity of the best

April 7, 1819-15-8t

Lex. April 30.---18*3t

ing business to transact with him

pendence.

John Quincy Adams,

By the President:

forty-third year of American Index

James Monroes

Keesis

Jowish

Pesotem

Mona, or moon

Mocksa Nanouseka

Wistea

TERMS OF THE

Bentucky Gazette, PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING,

BY J. NORVELL & CO. The price to Subscribers, is, THREE DOLLARS per annum, PAID IN ADVANCE, or FOUR DOLLARS at the end of the year. The TERMS OF ADVERTISING in this paper, are, FIFTI CENTS for the first insertion of per, are, FIFTI CENTS for the first insertion of that all the powers vested in the accounting of ficers of the war department, by an act of conformance; longer advertisements in gress for the relief of Thomas Wilson, passed the same proportion.

All advertisements not paid for in ad vance, must be paid for when ordered to be

All communications addressed to the ed tors must be post paid.



Laws of the United States.

(BY AUTHORITY.)

AN ACT
Confirming the claim of Alexander Macomb
to a tract of land in the territory of Michi-

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-presentatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Alexander Macomb, of the territory of Michigan, be, and he here-by is, confirmed in his right and claim to a tract of land, being an island, situated at the mouth of Detroit river, known by the name of Stoney Island, which was formerly occupied and improved for the benefit of the heirs of William Macomb, deceased, under whom the upon a regular plat and survey of the said island being returned into the office of the commissioner of the land office, a patent shall be granted for the aforesaid island or tract of land: Provided, that the confirmation and grant, to Alexander Macomb, hereby made and directed, shall not prejudice the legal claim (if such there be) of any other person to the same tract of land.

H. CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives
JAS. BARBOUR,

President of the Senate, pro tempore March 2, 1819—Approved, JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT,

For the relief of Phoebe Stuart.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress Assembled, That the secretary of war be, and he is hereby, directed to place on the pension list, Phoebe Stuart, widow of James Stuart, deceased, under the provisions of an act passed the sixteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, maone thousand eight hundred and sixteen, ma king provision for the widows and orphans of the militia who had died in the service of the United States. H. CLAY,

Speaker of the House of Representatives

JAS. BARBOUR,

President of the Senate, pro tempore.

JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT For the relief of John Rice Jones. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Repre sentatives of the United States of America Congress assembled, That, the accounting off cers of the treasury department be, and they are hereby authorized to audit and settle, or equitable principles, the account of John Rico Jones, for services rendered, and expenses in curred, as an interpreter and translator of the French language, to the board of commissioners appointed for inquiring into the validity of claims to land in the district of Kaskaskia, and the amount found to be due on such settlement, shall be paid to him, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated: Provided, the sum to be paid shall not exceed two hundred and eighty-one dollars.

H. CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives. JAS BARBOUR, President of the Senate, pro tem March 3, 1819-Approved,

JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT In behalf of the Connecticut Asylum for teaching the deaf and dumb.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-presentatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That there be granted to the Connecticut Asylum, for the education and instruction of deaf and dumb persons, a township of land, or a tract of land equal thereto, to be located under the direction of the sec-retary of the treasury, in tracts of not less than four entire sections each, in any of the unlocated lands of the United States, to which the Indian title has been extinguished; which land shall be and forever remain to the use of said asylum, for the education and instruction of deaf and dumb persons, or if said asylum shall sell said land, which they are authorized to do, the money arising from such sale shall be and remain forever to the same use.

H. CLAY,
Speaker of the House of Representatives. JAS. BARBOUR, President of the Senate, pro tem.

March 3, 1819-Approved, JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT
For the relief Harold Smyth.
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re presentatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper account officers of the treasury department be and they are hereby, authorized to audit and settle the accounts of Harold Smyth, late captain by brevet in the army of the United States, and quarter master at fort McHenry,

upon the principles of equity and justice.
H. CLAY,
Speaker of the House of Representatives. JAS. BARBOUR, President of the Senate, pro tem. March 3, 1819.—Approved,

JAMES MONROE.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-presentatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That [the] secretary of war be, and he is hereby, authorized and em-powered to revise, adjust, and settle, the ac-counts and claims of Thomas Wilson, arising under his contracts entend into with the deunder his contracts entered into with the de-partment of war, dated third and fourth of August, one thousand eight hundred and three n the eight day of April, one thousand eight undred and twelve, and to the accounting officers of the treasury department, by the act

President of the Senate, pro tem

March 3, 1819—Approved,
JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT
For the relief of Aquila Giles.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper account ing officers of the treasury department be, and they are hereby, authorized and directed to settle the claim of Aquila Giles, on account of a waraant issued by B. Lincoln, dated De cember twenty-eight, seventeen hundred and eighty-two, and tested by Joseph Carleton, expressing on its face to have issued for the balance of his pay as major for that year, for five hundred dollars, and the amount which may be found due shall be paid to the said A. quila Giles out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated: Provided, That any sum or sums of money with which he may

first deducted out of said amount. H CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives. JAS. BARBOUR,
President of the Senate, pro tem. March 3, 1819.—Approved,
JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT
Extending the term of half-pay pensions to
the widows and children of certian officers, seamen and marines, who died in the pub-

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re presentatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in all cases where Congress assembled, That in all cases where provision has been made by law for five years half pay to the widows and children of officers, seamen, and marines, who were killed in battle, or died of wounds received in battle, or who died in the naval service of the United States, during the late war, the said provision shall be continued for the additional term of five years, in each case, respectively, making five years, in each case, respectively, making the provision equal to ten years half-pay, which shall be paid in the manner and out of the fund heretofore designated by law; and the said pensions shall also cease for the reasons mentioned in the said law.

H. CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JAS. BARBOUR,

President of the Senate, pro tem.

March 3, 1819.—Approved,

JAMES MONROE.

For the relief of Robert M'Calla and Matthew

H. Jonett. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-resentatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper account ng officers of the treasury department be, and y are hereby, authorized and directed to settle the accounts of Robert M'Calla, late a major in the service of the United States, and Matthew H. Jouett, late paymaster to the twenty-eight reigement of infantry, upon the principles of equity and justice: Provided, That it shall appear that the said Robert M'Calla and Matthew H. Jouett have not been guilty of any misconduct or default in failing

to render their accounts for settlement.

H. CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives JAS. BARBOUR, President of the Senate, pro tem. March 3, 1819.—Approved,
JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT For the relief Henry Bateman. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-presentatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That a patent shall be granted to Henry Bateman, for the north-east quarter of section thirty, of township four south, and range six east, of the second principal meridian, in the Jeffersonville district, on the final settlement certificate which has been returned to the general land office, for the payment of the principal of the purchase mo-ney on the said quarter section of land.

H. CLAY,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JAS. BARBOUR, President of the Senate, pro tem.

March 3, 1819-Approved,

JAMES MONROE. AN ACT For the relief of Daniel Moss.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re

presentatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the secretary of war be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to issue to Daniel Moss, of the city of New York, a military warrant for one hundred acres of land, for revolutionury services in the of a warrant alleged to have been ces, in lieu of a warrant alleged to have been issued to said Moss in one thousand eight hundred and seven, and to have been lost.

H. CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives. JAS. BARBOUR,
President of the Senate, pro tem.

March 3, 1819.—Approved,

JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT For the relief of B. and P. Jourdan, brothers Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-presentatives of the United States of America in ngress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the treasury department be, and they are hereby, authorized to settle and adjust the accounts of B. and P. Jourdan, brother, of the state of Louisiana, not exceeding in JAMES MONROE.

mount the sum of twenty-eight thousand dol-In addition to an act, supplementary to an act, entitled "an act for the relief of Thomas appropriated money in the treasury. appropriated money in the treasury.
H. CLAY,

Speaker of the House of Representatives

JAS. BARBOUR, President of the Senate, pro tem March S, 1819.—Approved,

JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT

For the relief of George M. Brook and Ed mund P. Kennedy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re entatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, that the proper accounting officers of the treasury department be, and they are hereby, authorized to audit and settle the respective accounts of Lieutenant Colonel George M. Brook and Captain Edmund P.

President of the Senate, pro tem March 3, 1819—Approved,

JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT For the relief of John B. Timberlake. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-resentatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are hereby, authorized and required, in the settlement of the accounts of John B. Timberlake, a purser in the navy, to allow him a credit of three thousand eighty-four dollars and thirty three cents; this sum having been drawn b the late lieutenant John Tripple, while in the command of the United States schooner Enterprize, over and above his pay and emolu ments, from the said John B. Timberlake, the purser of the said vessel.

II. CLAY,
Speaker of the House of Representatives
JAS BARBOUR, President of the Senate, pro tem March 2, 1819—Approved, JAMES MONROE

AN ACT

For the relief of Michael Hogan.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Reresentatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the accounting offi cers of the treasury department be, and they are hereby, authorized and directed to settle the claim of Michael Hogan, for damages done to his house in Utica, by a detachment of troops in the service of the United States, quartered therein, in February, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and the amount so found due shall be paid to said Michael Hogan, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated: Provided, That the sum so paid shall be in full for all demands, and that it shall not exceed in the said of the said o

t shall not exceed in the whole eleven hun-lred dollars. H. CLAY,

Speaker of the House of Representatives

JAS. BARBOUR, President of the Senate, pro tem

March 3, 1819—Approved, JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT
For the relief of Rees Hill.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Rebresentatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That the accounting offi cers of the treasury department be, and they are hereby, authorized and directed to settle the account of Rees Hill, late a colonel of mi litia, in the service of the United States, for moneys advanced by him to defray the neces sary expenses of the troops under his co nand, while in service as aforesaid, in such manner as may be just and equitable, reim oursing to him any sums he may have paid as interest on moneys loaned, to make the advances aforesaid.

H. CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JAS. BARBOUR, President of the Senate, pro tem. March 3, 1819—Approved, JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT

To provide for the due execution of the laws of the United States, within the state of Il-

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re resentatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the laws of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the laws of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the laws of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the laws of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the laws of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the laws of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the laws of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the laws of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the laws of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the laws of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the laws of the United States of Congress assembled as the United States of Congress of Congr ted States, which are not locally inapplicable, shall have the same force and effect within the said state of Illinois, as elsewhere within the United States. Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the

said state shall be one district, and be called the Illinois district. And a district court shall be held therein, to consist of one judge, wh shall reside in the said district, and be calle a district judge. He shall hold, at the seat of government of the said state, two sessions an nually, on the first mondays in May and De-cember; and he shall, in all things, have and exercise the same jurisdiction and powers which were by law given to the judge of th Kentucky district, under an act, entitled " act to establish the judicial courts of the United States." He shall appoint a clerk for the said district, who shall reside and keep the records of the court, at the place of holdin the same, and shall receive, for the service performed by him, the same fees to which th erk of the Kentucky district is entitled for

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall be allowed to the judge of the said district court, the annual compensation of one thousand dollars, to commence from the date of his appointment; to be paid quarter yearly, at the treasury of the United States.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted. That there shall be appointed in the said district, a person learned in the law, to act as attorney for the United States, who shall, in addition to his stated fees, be paid, by the United States, two hundred dollars, as a full compensation

for all extra services Sec. 5. And be it further exacted, That a marshal be appointed for the said district who shall perform the same duties, be subject to the same regulations and penalties, and be entitled to the same fees, as are prescribed to marshals in other districts; and shall, moreover, be entitled to the sum of two hundred dollars annually, as a compensation for all extra services. H. CLAY,

tra services. Speaker of the House of Representatives

JAS. BARBOUR, President of the Senate, pro tem.

AN ACT
For the relief of Plannah Ring and others. Re it enacted by the Senate and House of Re esentatives of the United States of America i Congress assembled, That the act to provide for certain persons engaged in the land and naval service of the United States, in the revolutionary war, passed the eighteenth day of March, eighteen hundred and eighteen, shall be construed to authorize the secretary of war to place on the pension list Jonathan Ring, a soldier in the revolutionary war, now insane, of the date of the eleventh day of July, eighteen hundred and eighteen, and that the receipt of the said Hannah Ring, his wife, during his in-sanity, shall be sufficient for the pension al-lowed by the said act.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted. That the said act shall be also construed to authorize the

and fourteen, be, and are hereby, vested in the secretary of war.

H. CLAY,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JAS BARBOUR.

Brook and Captain Edmund P. Kennedy, in such manner, and upon such terms, as may be reasonable and just.

H. CLAY,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JAS BARBOUR. now insaile, of the first day of May, eighteen hundred and eighteen, and that the receipt of Luther Frink, his son, shall be sufficient for the pension allowed by this act.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said act shall be also construed to authorize the

sacretary of war to place on the pension list
Abraham Edwards, a mariner in the revolutionary war, now insane, of the date of the first
of July, eighteen hundred and eighteen, and
the receipt of Joseph Edwards, his son, shall
[be] sufficient for the pension allowed by this
at

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the said act shall be also construed to authorize the Captain Caghko secretary of war to place on the pension list
Thomas Lucas, a soldier in the revolutionary
Petchenan war, now insane, of the date of the fourteenth of January, eighteen hundred and nineteen, and that the receipt of the wife of the said Thomas Lucas, or his guardian, shall be sufficient for the pension allowed by the said act.
H. CLAY,

Speaker of the House of Representatives JAS. BARBOUR, President of the Senate, pro tem. March 6, 1819—Approved,

JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT
Supplementary to the act entitled " an act to authorize and empower the president managers of the Washington Turnpike Company of the state of Maryland, when organized, of the Washington Turnpike Company of the state of Maryland, when organized, to extend and make their turnpike road to or from Georgetown, in the district of Columbia, through the said district, to the line Monroe, President of the United States of Atternoof.

thereof. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-presentatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the law of the state of Maryland, entitled, "a supplement to an act entitled an act to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road from the line of the dis-trict of Columbia, where it crosses the post road leading from Georgetown to Fredericks-rown, through Montgomery and Fredericks town, through Montgomery and Frederick counties, to Fredericktown," passed in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, be, and the same is hereby, declared to be in full force within the district of Comm-

H. CLAY,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JAS. BARBOUR,
President of the Senate, pro tem.

March S, 1819—Approved, JAMES MONROE.

Indian Treaties.

JAMES MONROE, President of the United States of America,

SHALL COME, GREETING WHEREAS, a treaty between the United States

of America and the Delaware nation of Indians, was concluded, at St. Mary's, in the state of Ohio, on the third day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, by commissioners on the part of the said United States, and certain chiefs and Warriors of the said nation, on the part and i behalf of the said nation, which treaty is in th words following to wit: Articles of a treaty made and concluded at St

Mary's, in the state of Ohio, between John-athan Jennings, Lewis Cass, and Benjamir Parke, commissioners of the United States and the Delaware nation of Indians.

Art. 1. The Delaware nation of Indians cede the United States all their claim to land in the state of Indiana.

Art. 2. In consideration of the aforesaid ces sion, the United States, agree to provide for the Delawares a country to reside in, upon the west side of the Mississippi, and to guarantee to them the peaceable possession of the

Art. 3. The United States also agree to par the Delawares the full value of their improve-ments in the country hereby ceded; which valuation shall be made by persons to be appointed for that purpose by the President of the United States; and to furnish the Dela wares with one hundred and twenty horses not to exceed in value forty dollars each : and a sufficient number of perogues, to aid in transporting them to the west side of the Mis sissippi; and a quantity of provisions, propor-tioned to their numbers, and the extent of

Art. 4. The Delawares shall be allowed the use and occupation of their improvements, for the term of three years, from the date of this

reaty, if they so long require it.

Art. 4. The United States agree to pay the Delawares a perpetual annuity of four thousand dollars, which, together with all annuities which the United States, by any former treaty engaged to pay them, shall be paid in silver at any place, to which they may remove.

Art. 6. The United States agree to provide and support a blacksmith for the Delawares. after their removal to the west side of the Mississippi.
Art. 7. One half section of land shall be grant-

ed to each of the following persons, namely— Isaac Wooby, Samuel Cassman, Elizabeth Petchaka, and Jacob Dick, and one quarter of a section of land shall be granted to each of the following persons, namely, Solomon Tindell, and Bononi Tindell, alt of whom are Delawares: which tracts of land shall be located, after the country is surveyed, at the first creek above the old fort, on White river, and running up the river; and shall be held by the persons herein named, respectively, and their heirs, but shall never be conveyed or transferred with-out the approbation of the president of the U-

Art. 8. A sum, not exceeding thirteen thousand three hundred and twelve dollars and twenty-five cents, shall be paid by the United Metox

States, to satisfy certain claims against the Dellaware nation, and shall be expended by the Indian agent, at Piqua, and Fort Wayne, agreed Osheochebe bly to a schedule, this day examined and approved by the commissioners of the United | Congec

Art. 9. This treaty, after the same shall be ratified by the President and Senate of the United States, shall be binding on the con-

In testimony whereof, the said Jonathan Jennings, Lewis Cass, and Benjamin tion of Indians, have hereunto set thei hundred and eighteen.

Jonathan Jennings,

Letvis Cass,

Kithteeleland, or Anderson Lapahnille, or big boar James Nanticoke Apacahund, or white eves Captain Killbuck Ben Beaver

Captain Caghkoo John Quake Quenanghtoothmait Little Jack In presence of

William Turner, secretary Jno. Johnston, Ind. Agent. H. F. Stickney, S. I. A John Conner. William Conner, Interpreter.

G. Godfroy, Sub. Agt. John F. Chunn, Maj 3d U. S. Infantry. J. Hackley, captain 3d infty. William Öliver. Hillary Brunet, lieut. 3d infty.

ent of the senate, accepted, ratified, and con firmed, the same, and every clause and article

> In testimony whereof, I have caused th seai of the United States to be hereun-to affixed, having first signed the same with my hand.

Done at the city of Washington, this fifteenth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and in the forty-third year of American Inde-pendence.

James Monroe.

By the President

President of the United States of America,

TO ALL AND SINGULAR TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS WHEREAS, a treaty was made and concluded between the United States of America, and the Patawatamie nation of Indians, at St. Mary's in the state of Ohio, on the second day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, by commission-ers on the part of the said United States, and certain chiefs and warriors of the said nation,

ed a large supply of on the part and in behalf of the said nation which treaty is in the words following, to wit Articles of a treaty made and concluded st St Leghorn, Chip 3 Straw Bonnets, Direct from the Cities, which she offers for Mary's, in the state of Ohio, between Jona than Jennings, Lewis Cass, and Benjamin sale on as reasonable terms as at any store in the western country.
Lexington, April 30, 1819—18*3t Parke, commissioners of the United State

Article 1. The Potawatamie nation of Indi ans cede to the United States all the countre Beginning at the mouth of the Tippecanoe r ver, and running up the same to a point twen
y-five miles in a direct line from the Wabas river—thence on a line as nearly parrallel to the general course of the Wabash river, as practicable, to a point on the Vermillion river, wenty-five miles from the Wabash river thence down the Vermillion river to its mouth and thence up the Wabash river to the place of beginning. The Potawatamies also cede to the United States all their claim to the coun

Art. 2. The United States agree to purchas any just claim, which the Kickapoos may have to any part of the country hereby ceded be-

low Pine creek.

Art. 3. The United States agree to pay t the Potawatamies a perpetual annuity of two thousand five hundred dollars in cilver; one half of which shall be paid at Detroit, and the other half at Chicago, and all annuities which by any former treaty, the United States have engaged to pay to the Potawatamies, shall be hereafter paid in silver.

Art. 4. The United States agree to grant to

the persons named in the annexed schedule and their heirs, the quantity of land therein stipulated to be granted; but the land so granted shall never be conveyed by either of the said persons, or their heirs, unless by the consent of the president of the United States.

In testimony whereof, the said Jonatha Jennings, Lewis Cass, and Benjamin Parke, commissioners as aforesaid, and the Sachems, chiefs and warriors of the Potawatamie tribe of Indians, have here unto set their hands at St. Mary's, i the state of Ohio, this second day of October, in the year of our Lord one

Tuthinepes Cheebaas Metamice Winemakoos Mescotnome Wabmesheina Chacapma Menomene

racting parties.

Parke, commissioners aforesaid, and the chiefs and warriors of the Delaware nahands, at St. Mary's, in the state of Ohio, this third day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight Macota

B. Parke.

Mowa, or black wolf In presence of James Dill, secretary to the commissioners William Turner, secretary John Johnston, Indian Agent B. F. Stickney, S. I. A. William Prince, Indian agent John Conner William Conner, Indian interpreter R. A. Forsyth, secretary of Indian affairs R. A. Forsyth, secretary of Indian affairs
Isaac Burnett
Benedict Jh. Flaget, Bishop of Bardstown
G. Godfroy, Indian agent
John F. Chunn, major 3d infantry
P. Hackley, captain 3d infantry
Schedule referred to in the foregoing treaty.
There shall be granted to James Burnett, and Isaac Burnett, Jacob Burnett, and Abraham Burnett, two sections of land each; and to Rebecca Burnett and Nancy Burnett, one section of land each; which said James, John, Isaac, Jacob, Abraham. Rebecca, and Nancy.

James Dill, secretary to the commissioners.

John Kinzie, Sub. Agt.

There shall be granted to Perig, a Potawa-tamie chief, one section of land on the Flint ri-ver where he now lives. There shall also be granted to Mary Chatalhe, daughter of Nee-bosh, a Potawatamie chief, one section of land to be located below the mouth of Pine rivermerica, having seen and considered the said treaty, have, by and with the advice and con-

Now, therefore, be it known, that I, James Monroe, President of the United States of America, having seen and considered the said treaty, have, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, accepted, ratified, and confirmed the same, and every clause and erticle

John Quincy Adams, Secretary of State.

JAMES MONROE,

and the Potawatamie Nation of Indians. J. Cabell Breckinridge,

try south of the Wabash river.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his customers, and the public generally, that he Principally of the plain English first rate time pieces, which he will sell very low for cash. He also continues to carry on the CLOCK, WATCH, SILVERSMITH and JEWÉLERS*

thousand eight hundred and eighteen and of the independence of the United States the forty-third.

Jonathan Jennings. Lewis Cass. Benjamin Parke.

Of various kinds, and of the first quality, which he will sell by wholesale at the Philadelphia He also has for Sale, or to Rent, Several Houses & Lots in Lexington,

ed the Manufactory of

Suitable for public business or private residences, which he will dispose of for very moderate terms. He also has for Sale, several valuable Tracks of LAND, In this state and the state of Ohio, on which great bargains may be had on early applica-tion. SAMUEL AYRES. Lexington, April 21st, 1819-17-14t

Notice.

FORWARN all person or persons, from harboring or trading with my wife Susan, as she has left my bed and board, without any just cause. THOMAS WALTERS.

COMMERCE.

The following letter contains an interesting ew of the state of commerce in England, a e time it was written; since which, so fa om having improved, it has become less and less favorable. This is a subject which begins to interest not our Merchants only, but our farmers and Planters too, in a manner which toust have the effect of rousing their attention to it. Flour, the staple of the middle states, rings only about half the price it did twelve months ago; cotton, not much better, and every other article of commerce declining. It matural to seek for all information which may throw light on this state of trade, and on the path which lies before us. We shall ollect for the information of our readers vhatever may serve this purpose.

I letter from a merchant in England, to anoth er in New-York.
LIVERPOOL, Jan. 23d, 1819.

The present important state of trade we trust, will be deemed of sufficient interest for adhering to the usual custom, at the commencement of the year, of addressing you in a printed form, and submitting to your consideration an abstract of the commercial intercourse between our respective countries during the last year, together with some remarks on its present situation, and prospective probable character.

The import of ashes into this port has

Unted States Canada Ireland Baltic	1818. 11,864 7,682 265 1,477	1817. 12,883 12,888 842 622
	21,288	26,635

Showing a decrease in our imports the last year, of 5,447 barrels. The imports into other parts of Great Britain, are 1,255 barrels more than in 1817; the decrease of imports, therefore, is 3,992 barrels. The stock of American pot ashes in Liverpool, on the 1st inst. were 6000 barrels, viz: 3,700 Montreal. and 2,300 U. States. The stock of pearl 1600 barrels, being 1000 bbls. less of each description, and both rate 3s. to 5s. per cwt. lower than at the same period last year.

THE IMPORT OF QUERCITRON BARK. Into Liverpool. Rest of G. Britain In 1817, was 4600 715 465 4120 4595

250 Total dec, 729 Decrease of 470 While our stock in Liverpool is 5000 casks, being 1000 more than last year Prices rule 1s. to 2s. per cent. lower.

The annexed tables shew the imports of cotton into Great Britain in the last year to have been 668,729 bags, being an increase on the imports of 1817 of 186,275 bags; the consumption has been 422,700 more than in 1817; the exports 59,500; the existing stocks 331,-800, or 186,430 more than at the same period last year.

To this important and principal branch of your commerce, too great consideration cannot be paid, nor endeavors used, to elucidate its present and to form a correct opinion as to its probable future situation. These may now be obvious; yet a clear consideration of this subject may lead us more distinctly to view the important changes occurring in this trade, which appear to be of sowing. too marked a character to be slightly!

noticed. It may be well, therefore, to consider the difficulty of forming a proper estimate of the rate at which cotton and rice can be shipped from the United States, The general import into other ports of with safety to the shipper, or with a Great Britain has been by no means comconsumption now no longer depend, as than 100,000. in recent years, on the extent of the U. The information causes, to other success of supply, can-The East Indies particularly, and the 12,000 bbls. against 5000 at the same pe-Brazils, now compete with the United States in affording supplies of these most important articles of export, sufficient

in dealing in them, except at moderate

prices.

Our anticipation of these circumstances will be shewn by a comparison of our advices with the result exhibited in the annexed tables; and the losses then expected, which have accrued to nearly every shipper of cotton. In our respects of Dec. 1817, while the imports of that year had exceeded the consumption, it was stated-" that the high prices which for several years preceding had been, and at that period were, given for cotton, acting as an extraordinary and continued stimulus to its culture, in every portion of the globe where it could be raised. very large supplies might naturally be expected from all quarters; particularly from the East Indies, where the land being rich, the labor remarkably cheap. it could in all probability be offered at a cheaper rate than from any other country; and while these cottons had always interfered with the inferior descriptions of Upland, they would, from the great encouragement given, doubtless be gradually improved in quality, as well as excessively increased in quantity.

The continued adaptation, by the spinners, of their machinery to the East Indecreased 12,000—the great increase of imports from that quarter, and general be procured, is therefore completely excess ever the consumption, have proved the correctness of these anticipations. The cause which has produced such an excess of the imports from the crops of 1817, over the consumption, still existing, little doubt can be entertained, from the culture of this article, but that the quantity raised will be more than ade-

three quarters ef a year's demand. The prospects for this article are therefore extremely unfavorable, and, although the consumption is greater than has been hitherto known, being now 9000 bags weekly, except at prices sufficiently low to induce the spinners to abandon in a great measure the use of East India cot-

ton, must be hazardous. The import of American rice into this country has decreased, in consequence of more than usual having been directed to the continent. The import into Liverpool, including Brazil and East India, in the last year, has been 5,340 tons, against 6390 in 1817; giving an increase of import, principally of East India, 10,200 tons. The consumption of rice in this country falls principally on East India in consequence of being admitted free of duty; while a duty is a permanent improvement. imposed on that of other countries ofarticle, during the present general a- rise, must every mercantile opinion b India.

kingdom has been greater than in any former year. Of our present stock of 90,000 bbls. of American flour, three fourths are sour. The imports last year into this port have been 350,000 barrels, while in 1817 they were 540,000. From the inconvenience caused by the fluctuations in prices, from the sudden inundations of foreign grain, little doubt is entertained but our present corn laws will undergo an early revision, and the maximum be fitted at a higher rate, or a duty imposed on imports.

The prices of flaxseed, at all times very precarious, depend almost entirely on the extent of supplies from the United States, and the wants of Ireland. Flax is tal than in the facility of credit, the pri now at a price which pays the farmer well; a good demand of sowing is consequently looked for in the spring .snipments should be made early. quantity exclusive of home saved seed, usually sown in Ireland, is 52,000 hhds; in 1817 there were sown 32,178; and in 1818, 47,605. The season last year was fine, and rather more home seed saved than in 1817; their imports were 50,426 hhds; of which 32,230 were American; 6,472 Russia; 11,119 Dutch, and 825 British; of which were brand-49,717

Quantity of old at the commencement of the sowing season in 1818, rebranded sound

6,159 55,895 Sown in Ireland, in 1818 47,607

Leaving their stock, 5th July Of which probably 5 or 6000 will re-

main over until the next season, fit for Our imports of tar have been 67,142

barrels, against 17,856 in 1818; but the consumption has been very great, so that our present stock is but 25,000 bals. against 17,000 at the close of 1817 .-

riod last year.

Contrary to all former calculations, and information from every quarter of to induce the greatest caution in making the U. States, respecting the quantity of shipments, and to point out the hazard tobacco that would be exported in 1818, they have been remarkably great It has now gained general credit, that, in the year ending on the 1st October last, the exports have been 80 to \$3,000 hhds.

Besides loading at that date in Virginia, for London and this port 11,000 Calculated to remain there afterwards, and on the Roanoke 7,000

Remaing in Kentucky, besides Maryland, & what remained in the Northern states

106,300

To meet the consumption of Europe. which may be fairly estimated at 68 to 70,000 hhds. annually, of United States' tobacco.

Instead, therefore, of the exports of 1818, being, according to the general expectation, about the same as in 1817. when they were only 63,000 hhds, to 1st October, of which 57,000 came to Europe, and were inadequate to the consumption by 10 to 13,000 hhds, a material surplus is given; and admitting the crops of Virginia, Maryland and Georgia, to have failed by 12,000 hhds. or more, as has been estimated, the supplies would still be more than sufficient; but it is now believed that the excess of seek compensation from the Emperor dia cottons, which have met, in the last the western crops will be fully adequate year, an increased consumption of 26,- to make up their deficiency. The pub-000 bags, while that of American has lic opinion in Europe, which was founded on the best information that could

changed. exports have been directed to this coun- informed that it is of a satisfactory na- of the princess Borghese, who is appointtry, where an immense accumulation of ture. The amount is very large, and ed apostolic missionary by the Propa-been taken by the patriots, and that stock, amounting to 30,000 hhds. now the whole 140 vessels had valuable car- gan Vide, and who is to be employed as 2000 Spanish soldiers have been capexists. Our market consequently de- goes on board, chiefly in colonial pro- Almoner to the catholic colony of Saint tured at sea by the Buenos Ayrean squadthe continued encouragement given to pends, notwithstanding the trade has duce. very limited stocks, on an export demand, Letters have been received to the 23d which it is the more reasonable to ex- ult. from Gibraltar, by which it appears These individuals, furnished with passquate to the consumption, in a far great-pect, since no continental orders were that the plague on the coast of Africa, ports from the English Ministry, are to

scribed, whereby a temporary diminution and the season previous to new supplies of export from that quarter may occur, is becoming more and more curtailed; yet these supplies, of themselves so an important change must not only oc much more useful, must be directed to cur in their markets, but great and un-Europe, and in this country they meet precedented must our exports soon bean existing stock already adequate to come, to prevent a further depression,

or cause a favorable change. With so heavy an export in 1818 from the United States, although the stocks are not easily ascertained, it is sufficent to account for such a deficiency on the continent as we have hitherto been

led to imagine. The market, therefore, has an unpro mising appearance since the heavy stocks of produce in this country, and losses on nearly all imports have caused a gener al and increasing pressure on trade, af fecting, of course, all its branches; and the large stocks of tobacco held by the middle men, though of itself advantageous, prevent any temporary benefit which might be afforded by speculation the scarcity of money also, on the continent, operates materially on that con siderable export, which alone can afford

With this unexpected change of cirper cwt. The future currency of this custances, and to such changes, as they bundance and cheapness of grain, must adapted, and by considerations which be very precarious, depending as it does arise from them, under the peculiarly on the events of the continent, and the depressed state of commerce, the maruncertain extent of future supplies from ket has been borne down to its present situation; from whence it is obvious The import of foreign wheat into the that it cannot be extricated, but by adventitious causes.

In adverting to the heavy losses which have occurred during the last two years to nearly every shipper of the produce of the United States, and investigating the causes of so much disappointment cannot but appear evident, that, without a complete change in the system of its trade, a different result of future operations cannot be expected.

The extravagant price of produce, arising from the great facility with which money has hitherto been raised in the United States, has precluded all chance of profit to the exporter; and until commercial operation depend more on capi ces of produce are not likely to bear relative proportion to those of the markets of its consumption, nor to be gov erned otherwise than by that speculativ spirit which induces the purchase of produce, not with a view to its ultimate destination, but to resales; the foreign market becoming merely the dernie resort from the inabilities of holders to realize any further profits at home.

The result has been materially prompt ed by the great competition of the foreign commission merchants for the trade of the United States, who force it by joining in shipments and by heavy advalices, which, whilst it has the injurious effect by aiding speculation of enhancing the cost of produce, has the still greater of reducing its value abroad, by the consequent necessity of urging sales. The losses in the American, have been fully equalled in the trade with the Eas Indies and Brazils. For that tendency to enter into hazardous and speculative operations, which arose during a long period of war, when occasionally large profits were realized, as much by chance as by regular calculation, has by no means subsided since the peace. general competition in trade to which his has given rise, has been productive of those very injurious effects which are now most sensibly felt by the general and chance of profit; for the markets of their mensurate with ours, being little more increasing pressure on trade; which now, as on all similar occasions, has a de The imports of turpentine have great- preciating effect on even those branches States' crops, but the trade having been ly increased, being 49,750 bbls. and of commerce which are not apparently driven, in a great measure, by political casks to this port against 34,000 in 1817. connected with the others that have caus-The remaining general imports have ed it. And while, during a general not easily be recalled from the new been 61,642 casks, against 37,000 in 1817. state of peace, commerce should natur-The stocks are also greater, being here ally be adapted to it, in forming our calculations we must not lose sight of these new sources from which increasing supplies of produce are derived, which formerly were to be obtained only from distinct and certain quarters; especially in the principal articles of produce of the United States. The cultivation of tobacco in Europe, and in the western portion of the United States, has completely changed the former character of its trade; whilst in Rice and Cotton the East Indies and Brazils present a formidable competition; and Grain and Flour. in the event of deficiency in our own crops; incalculable supplies, from the neighboring states of Europe, can immediately be derived. A profitable trade with the United States, therefore, can only be expected, when she meets this competition by the proportionate value of their produce. Com. Advertiser.

Latest From Europe.

LONDON, MARCH 12. The claims of the English merchants on the court of Russia for the value of 140 vessels and cargoes under neutral flags, detained by the government at Petersburg in the year 1810, are likely at length to be adjusted, it will be recollected that a deputation at the head of which was Mr. Alderman Bowcrost, was sent the had arrived there. from London to the Russian capital, to for losses sustained by British subjects. The Island of St. Helena, the following bay of Eumana, has not been heard of. As the Emperor Alexander was at Aix four individuals :- Dr. Vitizii, a physi- In short the successes of the patriots la Chapelle at the time of the arrival of cian of great talents, a native of Corsica the deputation, the memorial was forwarded to our minister, and from him to geon, hitherto attached to the Universithe hands of the emperor. An answer by of Pisa; the Abbe Bonavista, a priest An unusual proportion of the above to it has now been received, and we are of 6, a native of Corsica, in the employ

at stated periods, as no private trading ships were allowed to have any communication with the Barbary coast. According to the latest advices, one or two hundred persons died daily of the dis-

PARIS, MARCH 6. Royal Ordinance .- LOUIS, by the Grace of God, King of France and Na-

Agreeably to the 27th article of the constitutional charter, We have ordained, and do ordain as

Art. 1. The following are appointed members of the chamber of peers.

[Here follow the names of fifty-nine, among whom are the following.]
Our cousin, the Marshal Duke d'Al-

The Marquis d'Arragon. Count Becker, Lieutenant General. Baron Bastard de l'Etang, Chief President of the Royal Court of Lyons.

Count Chaptal. Our cousin, the Duke de Cadore. Our cousin, the Marshal Duke de Dantzick.

Viscount Dijeon, Lieutenant General. Our cousin, the Marshal Prince d'Eck.

Viscount d'Houceto. Our cousin, the Marshal Count Jour-

Count Lacepede. Count Latour-Maubourg.
Count Reilie, Lieutenant General. Count Rapp, Lieutenant General.

Our Cousin, the Marshal Duke de

Art. 2. The terms of the first part of our Ordinance of 25th of Angust, 1817, are specially dispensed with in favor of the above named peers. In consequence whereof, the said peers will immediately take their seats in the chamber of peers, although they may not previously have established the majorate required by the act above mentioned.

[Part omitted.] Given at our Castle of the Thuilleries, the 5th day of the month of March, in the year of Grace, 1819, and the 24th of

By the King,—(Signed) LOUIS. The minister secretary of state for the department of foreign affairs, president of the council of ministers.

The Marquis Dessoles. PARIS, MARCH 11. Yesterday there was a grand council, which commenced, at one, and continued until half past 5 o'clock in the after-

The definitive organization of the national guards is referred to the King's ministers, and will soon be discussed in

Yesterday the Memoirs of Count Las Casas were seized at the bookseller's L'Huillier.

It is not ascertained when the projects of law concerning the press, the journals, and the trial by jury, will be presented to the chamber-but it appears certain, notwithstanding what has been said in one of the papers, that they will not be submitted to the chamber during the present week.

It is asserted, that in compliance with the order of the king, the mivister of the interior has given directions to different Pascal, Montaigne, Bossuet, Corneille, Racine, La Pontaine, and Montesquieu, which are to be placed in the cities which gave birth to these great men.

CONSTANTINOPLE, FEB. 4. The emperor of Russia has written a very friendly autograph letter to the sultan, recommending to the porte the amicable arrangement of the still disputed points arising from the treaty of Bucharest. It is hoped, with the more reason, that this unusual step will have a favorable influence on the negociations of Baron Strogonoff, as the two emperors both desire the maintenance of peace, and a part of the late difference

is really adjusted. The celebrated traveller, known by the name of Ati Bey, who was on a pilgrimage to Mecca, with the caravan, died not far from Damascus. The Pacha, by virtue of his title to inherit the effects of all pilgrims who died on the road, has taken possession of all his property, including the valuable instruments and manuscripts.

STOCKHOLM, FEB. 23. Winter, crowned with snow, has been joyfully welcomed in the mining coun- It is hoped that the remainder of Moriltries as an old friend. The roads are now covered with hundreds of vehicles before they cross the river. It is also conveying ore and coals.

FRANKFORT, FEB. 26. They talk of several bloody scenes which it is affirmed, have taken place on the frontiers of Prussian Saxony. Among others, it is stated, that a custom-house officer, in a town in a Thuringer, was murdered in his bed the first night after

ROME, FEB. 27. There have set out from hence, for (a priest); Professor Antomarchi, a sur-Helena; and lastly, a cook, destined for the household service of Bonaparte.executed in autumn. But it has not yet instead of diminishing with the cold wea- proceed to Ostend. They are to enter coa, news had been received by a vessel although the means of purchasing in appeared; while the prices of tobacco ther, was increasing to an alarming ex- into an engagement not to quit St. He- arrived there from Carthagena, that the

India are likely to become more circum- on the continue below ours, tent. The only information with regard liena so long as Bonoparte lives, unless governor of Panama had written to the to the ravages committed by it, was sent away by the English government brought to the British fortress by the The sending of the priest is at the par vessel appointed by the governor to sail ticular instance of Cardinal Fesch, who addressed a request to that effect, supported by the recommendation of the Holy Father to the Earl Bathurst.

The state of the s SOUTH AMERICA.

EASTPORT, APRIL 10. By the Leod, Woodward, arrived at this port, yesterday, from Trinidad, received from a very intelligent gentlemon, at that place, and who very recently returned from the theatre of war, the following brief abstract of the latest intelligence from Venezuela.

Port-Spain, March 15. Late dispatches received at Augustura, from Gen. Paez, dated the 15th ult announced the retreat of the Spanish army over the Aaruca. Morillo, after ar ineffectual attempt to bring Paez to a general action, was rapidly retracing his steps towards the Apune. His object is to regain the cultivated country finding it impossible to draw supplies from the plains, in which he was harrassed continually by 2500 cavalry. The detachments he had sent out in quest of subsistence had been uniformly cut off by Paez's cavalry, and, from the time of crossing the Arauca till that of his recrossing it, and marching as far as Conception, Morillo had lost 1400 men and a field piece. He had circulated (in patriots will be crowned with complete writing) a boastful proclamation to Vaneros, or inhabitants of the plains, dated the patriots on the Venezuelian coast of the 5th, to which Paez had replied by a keenly satirical address (by way of comment) on the 15th February.

The artillery and infantry, (2000) left on the island before Urhana, in the Orinoco, were proceeding by forced march es to re-unite themselves with Paez .--They will be reinforced by 420 English and Irish soldiers, it having been Bolivar's intention to await there the arrival of two thousand English, daily expected &c. Gen. Bolivar set out from Angostura, on the 27th ult. on his return to the

Col. Hursler's regiment and the re-

mainder of col. English's expedition, are looked for daily. They will probably be associated with the 600 at Margaritta, whither Gens. Urdometa and Valdez, Col. Nedham, the adjutant general of that division, have gone with about 60 English sailors-who will assist in making gun boats or other vessels. Associated with 500 Margaritians, &c. they will make a descent upon the coast at and form a junction with the division collected in the provinces of Barcelona and Cumana, to be commanded by Gen. Marinos, Sarozas', Monagza', and peraps Bermendez' forces, will constitute this army. Gen. Monogaz was at the point of death from an attack of fever. News of decisive operations may be looked for from day to day. Should these forces not complete the object of independence, though the supposition is improbable, the troops to arrive from England will unquestionably expel the remnant of Morillo's corps from Venvzuela. This will be a work of the greater facility, as Morillo has suffered greatly .-Paez writes that the prisoners taken were more like skeletons than living men. Add to this, he, Morillo, has above 400 miles of plains to traverse, exposed continually to the enemy's cavalry, his own being annihilated, and not a head of cattle in his camp.

statuaries, to execute marble statutes of The congress was deliberating on various regulations, and on a fundamental law, or constitution, to be proposed to the people for their approbation. This is important events will soon challenge more regard than this hasty epitome.

We also received by the above vessel Trinidad papers to the 13th ult. but they contain nothing of importance.

NEW YORK, APRIL 24. the schooner Telegraph, from Curracoa, that a Dutch government schooner had been dispatched to Laguaira to ascertain the state of that place. She returned to Curracoa the 30th March with intelligence that the port was in a rigorous state of blockade by the squadrons of Brion and Taylor, and that the royalists had laid an embargo on all vessels in port.

Extract of a letter from St. Croix, April 4th, 1819.

General Morillo is retreating with the remainder of his army, after having been defeated near Apure, by the patriot army under the command of Gen. Paez. o's army will be completely destroyed fully hoped, that if Morillo and his army are destroyed in the present campaign, the part of the province of Venezuela under the Spanish control, will tamely vield to the patriots, whence the indepen dence of the republic of Venezuela, will be firmly established. The congress of Venezuela has been reinstalled, and Gen. Bolivar is president ad interim. The result of Brion's attack on the roy. al squadron, which were laying in the are going on with great rapidity, aided by worthy foreigners who have come to immortalize their name in support of the patriot cause. Already 3,000 men have arrived a Guayana from England. There is a rumor going on here, that Lima has

Extract of a letter received at Philadelphia, dated St. Thomas, March 30.

ces he could muster for his succour, as he dreaded an instant attack from the independent army, which after having taken Lima, was then advancing rapidly to the northward, no doubt to attack his post. It is also stated, that of the fleet which some time ago had sailed from Spain for Peru, the crew of one vessel had mutinied, and carried her into Valparaiso, giving information that the rest of the squadron were in a similar state. On receiving these accounts the government of Valparaiso immediately despatched the same vessel, together with the rest of the squadron then in port, to intercept them, which they accordingly effected; and after exchanging a few shot, the whole Spanish fleet joined them. They immediately proceeded to Callao, under the Spanish flag, forwarded the dispatches taken on board the squadron. to the Viceroy, and debarked the whole of their forces, which were received with every demonstration of joy. They immediately set out for Lima, and took peaceful possession of that city, the government supposing them to be friends."

WASHINGTON, APRIL 26. The capture of Lima, the Metropolis of Peru, and the intended movement from thence, on the Pacific coast, towards the Panama, or famous isthmus of Darien, are operations which if conducted with common prudence by the success. The occasional reverses of the Atlantic, are thus amply counterbalanced by their victorious career on the Pacific .- Wash. City Gaz.

Capt. Whitmarsh, in 20 days from Curacoa, arrived at New York, on the 22d April, informs that about an hour before he sailed, information was received by a Dutch government schooner, that Laguira was blockaded by a squadron under Admiral Brion's flag; an embargo was laid on all vessels at that place and Porto Cavello in consequence of the appearance on the coast of the Patriot squadron. It was also reported that the royalists had recently been several times defeated on the Main.-Ib.

A Col. Eyre has raised in Galway, Ireland, two regiments of 1200 men each, for service in New Grenada, South America.-Ib.

Amongst the late batch of peers, recently made in France, we find no less than six of Napoleon's old marshals, namely: the Duke of Albufera-Duke of Cornegliana-Duke of Dantzic-Prince of Eckmuhl-Count Jourdan-Duke of Treviso. Also, Admirals Truguet, Verhuel, and Messrs. Chaptal, Lacepede, Latour Maubourg, Portalis, Rapp, &c. &c .- Phil. Gaz.

WASHINGTON, APRIL 27. We perceive, with much satisfaction, by the Price Current in Day and Turner's " New York Shipping and Commercial List, that the premium on Spanish Dollars is down to 43 per centum. Stock of the bank of the United States is quoted, on the 23d instant, in New York, at 1021 to 103. The Price Current of Stocks, &c. is a barometer which, at the present moment, is regarded with deep interest by those who intuitively dread the reflux of a baseless paper currency .- Nat. Intel.

PROVIDENCE, (R. I.) APRIL 17. The ship Lion, Townsend, arrived here from Canton, has brought to this the substance of the latest news. More country three natives of Madison's Isla and, in the South Sea, which, it will be recollected, was taken possession of by Com. Porter in the frigate Essex, in November, 1813, for the United States. Two of them are young men, upwards of 20 years old probably, and the other a lad of about 12. They are copper-co-We learn from capt. Whitmarsh, of loured, and tattoocd according to their custom, by pucturing the skin and introducing a dark liquid, which has a singular appearance. They appear to be in offensive youths, and, as they are Ameri can citizens, having been adopted into the great American family, we trust they will be treated with kindness and hospitality .- Patriot.

> VIOLENT STORM. The chimnies of several houses in the town of Frankfort, were blown down by the wind on Friday last, and the buildings much injured; the roofs of the two public offices, and of Mr. Hanna's new building, were nearly destroyed by the falling of chimnies. - Ren.

STEAM BOAT NEWS. The Vesta came up the falls yesterday, she sails for Cincinnati this day.

The following Boats at N. Orleans, April 18. Rifleman, bound for Cumberland and Kaskaskia. Shelby, for Louisville.

Rising States, partly loaded.

James Ross, had not commenced loading. Cincinnati, do. Washington, Vesuvius, from Natchez. St. Louis, for St. Louis. Kentucky, arrived from Red River. Boats bound for Louisville would take

reight at three cents. The Tamerlane sailed on yesterday, from Shippingport, for New Orleans.

Louisville Pub. Adv. May 8.

Frankfort, Moy 7. LAUNCH. Was launched from the Boat-Yard at Lees-

town, on Wednesday last, the New Steam Boat PROVIDENCE, of 320 tons. She went lown in elegant style, and sustained no material injury.

Several persons who wished to enjoy the satisfaction of riding down in her, were considerably bruised. One man came near drown-

ig, having been wounded in several places Tobacco Notes.

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

Kentucky Gazette.

LEXINGTON:::::FRIDAY, MAY 14.

FRANCE

A Royal decree of France, dated March 5. as will be seen in another part of to-day' Gazette, has appointed 59 new members to the chamber of peers. Many of them were distinguished in the revolution, and known to be warm adherents of Bonaparte. This is a stroke of policy, no doubt, on the part of Louis to avert some threatened political calamity. We are astonished that the ex-emperor's friends should accept: for, however much we despise the Bourbon dinasty, we should like to see it put down, and another revolution produced, without the intervention of intrigue. Talleyrand, under every change, is always in the cabinet-always prince of Benevento; and it has been hoped that he was the only illustrious personage, in the kingdom, capable of distinguished corruption. But bad examples, set by the great, seem to be contagious. This we find in the recent annals of our own country.

A dissolution of the chamber of Deputies was much talked of. The ministry, as late as the 12th of March, found much opposition in that department of the legislature. The government party had drawn up a projet of a law to increase the number of Deputies, and by this means leave a majority in the royal cause. Whether success will attend the scheme is quite uncertain. It is supposed the new peerage will consult the interest of the nation. This they may do for a time, in order to make their power more certain: but they cannot forget that they were once BEPUBLICANS under the auspices of the great, but unfortunate Napoleon; and the political feelings of veteran men cannot be entirely changed-although they appear to have been so far conquered as to induce an acceptance of kingly favor.

ENGLAND.

The markets in England continue to be everstocked with American and other produce The prices of tobacco, cotton and rice were much reduced on the 18th of March. Our trade with that nation offers very little encouragement to commercial enterprize. Several houses in London and Liverpool, recently of high credit, have stopped payment. The eminent establishment of J. Barandan & Co. of the former place, failed for 200,000 pounds. Other European markets are in the same state of depression.

If our raw materials will not command an adequate price the other side of the Atlantic, America must of necessity become a manufacturing nation. Under a proper patronage of the government, we have no doubt this would speedily be the case. The vast pro. ductions of the earth require it. Why the necessity of exporting our produce, if the essentials and luxuries of life can be furnished at home?

The time has been when the fostering hand of government was extended to domestic man ufactories. Prosperity, then, gladdened every tucky-the factories in our own town and neighborhood presented a delightful scene means they may have recommended-and of industrious bustle. They are now still I shall, for this week, defer any remarks. An They are the decayed and decaying monu- effort, we have no doubt, will be made, to ments of the genius and enterprize of for- convene the legislature—to cause the banks mer years; all for the want of that encourto suspend specie payments—and to advise
his soldiers. It thus appears that the
agement due from our political rulers. This
the passage of a law extending the time of
enemy in his retreat had the advance of
Natchez, by P. Isler, Esq. is a new pais a favorable era to revive them. The moni- replevin. ed pressure and commercial dulness that every where exist, should arouse the patriotic feelings of every class of citizens; and prompt them to manly exertions on this interesting subject. There is but little wanted for the purpose. We have the raw materials-we have the mechanics and machinery of every description is accessible. It is necessary only for a few influential capitalists to commence the work-the poorer class will aid-and public opinion, and public interest, will coerce governmental sanction.

SOUTH AMERICA.

merican head, in our paper of to-day, furnish the best comment on the success of the patriots. The peacable possession of Lima, the defeat and expulsion of the savage Morillo, and the different triumphs on the Main, argue well for the speedy independence of our southern brethren. Were Mexico now conquered, but little would remain to be done. The independents have characterized themselves for perseverence. A great cause, well examines its treaties with the different supported, never fails. The old maxim-" Forti et fideli nil difficile" - " Nothing is difficult to the brave and faithful," happily applies to the patriots. Hearts overflowing with the holy principles of liberty and freedom do not esteem operations difficult, which others would, who are less interested. Emancipation from the galling yoke of Spanish tyrranny is the great object to which they ultimately look. That is the haven for which they have embarked—It is there they will arrive in despite of shoals and quicksands.

Yrujo is carried into Ferdinand's ministry He appears to be making considerable preparations for the Summer and fall, in obtaining transports and money.

Before he carries his projects into execution, however, the patriots will have too firm a hold to be resisted. Indeed we expect the preparations are more formidable on paper than they are in reality.

THE NEXT GOVERNOR. It is time that the people were turning their attention to the subject of their next chief magistrate. Old etiquette would pronounce this too early a period to say any thing about it. The mass of the electors, say some, should not bestow a single thought, until next session of the Legislature convenes-and a grand cau-

cramming down their throats, such a person if as their wisdom may select. Something of this kind was attempted last winter: but no vista of twenty months, take a peep at the gupernatorial chair, and chair of the senate. We hope, however, that was the last time either of the personages will feast their eyes. There is better stuff, for governor and lieutenant governor, in Kentucky at this time.

The importance of mature reflection, connigh offices, will be at once seen. We require a distinguished man for governor, to redeem the executive character of the state. We should have an excellent lieut. governor, lest death should again deprive us of the more exalted officer. The political eye-teeth, to use a trite saying, of the state ought to be cut, after having been once politically cheated. Who, ive years ago, would have dreamed of living to see a federalist at the head of the state? A hint that such an event would ever occurwould have insulted nine-tenths of the people it to Grouchy to ascertain their route, of Kentucky. Yet, strange to tell-we are under the yoke of merciless tyranny.

Let vigilance in our future choice be the vatch-word. It is not necessary to wait for the Frankfort caucus. Our suffrages are not to be legislated away, either in or out of the Hall If we can find a person for governor who has performed illustrious deeds; the better par of whose life has been spent in the service of mmunity will support him.

It is but little more than a year now until sight of them. the election of governor. Neighborhoods, towns and counties ought to converse among themselves relative to a suitable person for the chief magistracy. If any one is fixed upon, in this way, no doubt he would serve, be his engagements what they might.

SEMINOLE WAR.

Col. RICHARD M. JOHNSON'S speech on this subject has been re-printed in England, as the best in defence of the operations of Gen. left Gembloux. Jackson in Florida

and Liverpool, the result of the discussion in Napoleon engaged with the Britishthe house of representatives, approving Jack- but considered it his duty to operate son's conduct, has produced immense dissat- on the Prussian army, which he believisfaction throughout the whole British empire. ed concentrated before him, to prevent Arbuthnot and Ambrister are claimed by the their making a movement towards Wa- at St. Louis; but it is of late only that it writers as British subjects. Parliament stands bledged to take up the matter.

Neither the report of the senate, the thrests ock's reply-had reached England at the

POLITICAL MISFORTUNE.

DOLPH of Roanoke, is again elected to congress from the state of Virginia.

THE FRANKFORT MEETING. Yesterday was the day, appointed by the

YELLOW STONE EXPEDITION. through Lexington last week on his way to in his movements is evident; and if their St. Louis. Maj. Long, of the engineer department, we know possesses the most exaltcompanions all the necessary attributes for their business. Gen. Jessup will direct the military operations of the Missouri. This able selection of men to explore the vast west- P. M. of the 18th of June. The different articles under the South A. ern regions, is in accordance with other dis-

From the London Statesman.

On America's rising Greatness .- By looking over the Newspapers of the three great sea ports of America, any man, without being a states man, may discover the gigantic growth of this infant state in the new world; but if the politician powers it is connected with, he cannot but discover its wise and firm policy .-Nothing can shake it in any one respect. Even with Great Britain it has so far gained its point with respect to the great! article of the fisheries, that a middleaged man may live to see the time when he Americans will enquire of us what business we have to fish on their shores and beds. In fact, our state is attenuating by luxury and extravagance, their' is acquiring additional strength by temperance and economy. Sir W. Jones ('tis thought in the muse

recall'd) says-

Beyond the vast Atlantic deep
A dome by viewless Genii shall be rais'd;

The walls of Adamant, compact and steep, The portals with sky-tinctured gems em

There, on a lofty throne, shall Virtue stand : To her the youth of Delaware shall kneel, And when her smiles rain plenty o'er the Bow, TYRANTS, bow beneath the avenging

MASSACHUSETTS ELECTION. Governor Brooks, the federal candidate, is re-elected by a majority of about a two years' cruize round Cape Horn and 5000 votes over Mr. Crowninshield, the lin the South Sea, is at present in this republican candidate, being about 2500 city. It is hoped the public will be alcus is held for the purpose of nominating and last preceding election.

MARSHAL GROUCHY.

has been issued by Marshal Grouchy, occurrences during the voyage, and decisive step was taken. Two gentlemen, not containing observations on Gen. Gour- whilst in South American ports; which necessary to be named, did, through the long gaud's narrative of the campaign of are worthy of note. Such an account 1815, and a refutation of assertions of other writers in relation to the battle of ed to that which was generally produced Waterloo.

prepared for the Analectic Magazine- in the same seas .- Nat. Intel. and the following are the outlines of the marshal's case.

erning suitable persons to fill both these ter the battle of Ligny, at ten o'clock in lis, and ready for a voyage even more ex the night of the 16th June. Marshall Grouchy did not receive his orders to has returned, has also been on a visit to pursue them, until noon the next day, at this city. This vessel, it is said, will vis-Fleurus; the several corps of his army it the East India ports; and it is believe the enemy had left Ligny.

From the official reports, the Prussians retreated with 95,000 men-Grouchy's orce was 32,000.

Napoleon was ignorant of the direcrection of the Prussian columns: he left ordering him to complete their defeat so soon as he should reach them; and to communicate with him, (Napoleon) who in the ship Magnet, from Burdeaux. was then advancing to attack the British army.

of his corps (Gerard's) arriving there at

Grouchy reported to Napoleon from Gembloux, which place he left at dayight on the 18th, pursuing the route of he enemy through Sarravalian towards morning, between Mr. O'Sullivan, at Wavres; he reported to Napoleon a- torney, and Dr. Caldwell; the former is gain from Sarravalian; after driving a supposed to be mortally wounded, the strong Prussian guard, he took post in latter is also dreadfully wounded in the that part of the town of Wavres, which arm. It was occasioned by a piece which ies on the left bank of the river Dyle, appeared in the last Courant, written by arriving there at about 2 o'clock, P. M. the latter against the former, concerning his troops not having halted since they the Montreal Hospital business—but you

If we may judge from the prints in London a canonade on his left-supposed it was tion! terloo. Vandamme's corps, under G's is known to be under the superintendorders, was actively engaged during the lance of Col. Th. H. Benton, an attorney rest of the day in attempting to force the of that place, formerly of Tennessee, who passage of the Dyle, & Gerard's, though possesses highly respectable talents and f Gen. Jackson, the strictures, nor Gen. La- with less energy was making a similar acquirements. His paper may be rank attempt at Bielge, below; the enemy crowned the opposite heights, occupied the village of Bielge, and mill of that It is distinguished for editorial ability. name, and extended towards Limilette, The notorious and troublesome John Ran- his position was strong, and the nature tion to the interests of the western counof the ground rendered it difficult to estimate his numbers. Grouchy was then ignorant that at day light, while he was Green, Ky. is a paper of recent date, moving from Gembloux, Blucher had and highly respectable pretensions. It detached from Wavres, Bulow's corps, appears to take a correct and enlightenand-bill notice, for a meeting of the people which, about the time of G's army reach- ed course, and to maintain it with ability of Franklin to discuss the distressed situation ing Wavres, were appearing on the and firmness. portion of the union. The factories in Ken- of the country-and to recommend alleviat- heights of St. Lambert, (5 leagues from ing measures. We do not know distinctly the Wavres,) ready to fall upon Napoleon. And even had the Marshal been appriz- considerable merit. It is edited by Dr. ed of the movement, he could not have prevented it, or have reached Waterloo Ky. who has distinguished himself by

on, unless he could have given wings to by his poem entitled "Christiline." The gentlemen who accompany this expe- ed ten leagues, through bad weather, ition are distinguished for military and gen- and bad roads—and that when he reacheral science. The officer, of which we spoke ed Wavres, the decisive blow was striome time since, Gen. T. S. JESSUP, passed king at Waterloo:-that he lost no time direction was known and approved by Napoleon, the censures cast upon the ed merit; and our information gives to his military conduct of Grouchy are preposterous; that point is settled by the following expressions in the dispatch of Soult, chief of Napoleon's staff, dated from the field of battle, at one o'clock

"M. Le Marechal-You have written inguished acts of Mr. Calhoun's administra- "at 2 o'clock this morning to the empe " ror that you are marching upon Sarra-"valain. This movement is in confor-" mity to the dispositions of his majesty, "which have been communicated to 'you."-Frank. Gaz.

BALTIMORE APRIL 26. Funeral of Alexander C. Hanson .-The funeral of Alexander C. Hanson vas attended vesterday afternoon, at the place of his residence, about ten miles from this city, by a large number of his neighbors and a very respectable numher of gentlemen from this city; by the late and present governor of the state of Maryland, one of the executive council, Russellville, to Miss Harrier Postlethwait, the attorney general, all the Judges of the courts of this district, and the chief ustice of the city court of Baltimore .-The Right Rev. Dr. Kemp officiated, The Right Rev. Dr. Kemp officiated, month, His Excellency Dewit Clinton, to and delivered on the occasion, a very interesting and impressive address.

NEW YORK, APRIL 21. William Teller, who, as published in our paper last summer, was imprisoned Albany on the charge of having stoen from the office of the secretary of state a certain public record, and having placed in its room a forged record, was tried and convicted at the late court of over and terminer in that city, and sentenced to be confined in the state prison for life .- Com. Adv.

WASHINGTON, APRIL 29. Capt. EIDDLE, of the Ontario Stoop of War, just arrived at Annapolis, from less majority than he obtained at the lowed to enjoy the benefits of his obser- which they offer at a very reduced price.

Jan. 1, 1819-4 vations during his cruize; and that well

shall have an account from him, or some SILVER PLATED WARE. A pamphlet in the French language other officer of the ship, of the many would excite an interest something alliby the first authentic accounts of Com. An abstract of this pamphlet has been PORTER's gallant and adventurous cruize

Capt. J. D. HENLEY, commanding the The Prussians began their retreat af- frigate Congress, now lying at Annapo tensive than that from which the Ontario could not be collected and put in mo- et will be the first national ship of the ion, until 3, P. M. seventeen hours after United States which has ever visited those ports. In her passage down the Atlantic coast, she will land at Rio Janeiro Mr. GRAHAM, our Minister to the Brazils. As soon as he is prepared to embark, the vessel will sail .- Ib.

> NEW YORK, APRIL 27. Mr. POLETICA, Ambassador from Russia, arrived at this port last evening,

A gentleman who arrived in town last resterday, passenger in the Magnet Grouchy moved to Grenoble; the last from Burdeaux, left Marseilles on the 10th March. The Brie sloop of war ten o'clock on the night of the 17th, a arrived there the same day, in six day distance of about four leagues from from Messina, where she left the resi-fleurus. The rain fell in torrents;— due of the American squadron, all well due of the American squadron, all well. an endeared country; whose integrity is his cavalry detached beyond the town, Mr. Shaler was to embark in the Erie above suspicion—if the mind's eye can rivet fell in with the extreme rear of a Prus- for Messina. A schooner arrived from itself upon such a man, the honest part of the sian guard of cavalry—was ordered to Philadelphia on the 8th, and another pursue them vigorously, and not to lose schooner was to sail for Philadelphia in a few days .- Nat. Int.

> MONTREAL, AFRIL 12. A Duel was fought here yesterday will soon learn, no doubt, all the partic During the affair at Wavres, he heard | ulars. False honor! dreadful infatua-

> > NEW PAPERS OF MERIT. The Sr. Louis Enquirer is a paper bich has been some time in existence ed among the best in the western country, or indeed in any part of America.

The Southern Patriot, of Bowling

sound politics, and an enlightened devo-

The GEORGIAN, published at Savan nah, is a paper of modern date and very John M. Harney, formerly of Bardstown, in time to have afforded aid to Napole-his poetical writings, and particularly

Grouchy 17 hours—that between three per distinguished by its boldness and o'clock, P. M. of the 17th, and two o'- independence; it is also conducted with ronage of the liberal of all parties.

SOMETHING NEW.

The merchants of this town have, with ha few weeks past, been excessively annoyed by the seisures of their proper ty to a large amount, by the surveyor of this port, acting, as he avers, under he special authority of the Secretary of the Treasury of the U. States. These instructions, (if any he may have receiv ed,) he refuses to exhibit, which we conceive it his duty to do. The seisures that have been made, were on the property of some of our most respectable merchants, who would never be concernedin smuggling, nor would they wish to defraud the revenue of a solitary cent.

We are in hopes that this notice may find its way to the proper department, so that the remedy may be applied, by the dismission of the officer, and the protection of the property and the rights of our citizens, by a just construction and application of the revenue laws. Public Advertiser.

Married,

In this town, last evening, by the Rev. Mr. unningham, Mr. ROBERT W. JANUARY of laughter of Capt. Joseph R. Postlethwait, of

In the city of New York, on the 21st of last Dr. Thomas Jones.

A PARTY TO THE PARTY OF THE PAR Died, In this place on the 11th inst. Mrs. TEMPER-ANCE PALMATEER, consort of Mr. Wm. Palma-

Tilford, Trotter & Co. HAVE FOR SALE, GOLD AND SILVER PATENT LEVER

WATCHES. For sale at Philadelphia prices.
BOLTING CLOTHS, from No. 3 to 7.
Lexington, May 10, 1819—201f

Elegant Carpeting. Just received and for sale at the Store of T. E. BOSWELL & CO.

Brussels & Scotch Carpetings

David A. Savre.

ESPECTFULLY informs his friends, and the public in general, that he has on hand o the Kentucky Grazette Office,

PLATED WARE,

Consisting of Bridle Bits, Stirrups, Spu Martingale Hooks, Buckles and Slides; B dles, and every description of Coach and Gig Harness Mounting. Also, a variety of elegan Coach Lace, Fringe and Tassels, with an as sortment of Coach Springs and Steps, and Gig Springs, all of the first quality.

He has just received a few doz. MOROCCO SKINS, of the best quality; Also, some elegant HOG and SEAL SKINS, suitable for Sad dlers, Horse Whips, Whip Thongs, Silk Lashes, and a general assortment of SADDLERY, which he will sell low for CASH, or a short

He will also keep on hand, a general assort-ment of Brass And Irons, Shovels and Tongs, Door Knockers, Bells of all sizes, Still-Cocks Rivets, and Gun Mounting .- And will receive orders for Casting all kinds of BRASS WORK for Machinery, Clocks, &c. &c. &c. Lexington, May 1819—20tf N. B. Cash paid for old PEWTER, BRASS, COPPER and SM.VER.

CASH FOR CORN.

The subscriber wishes to purchase 100 Barrels of CORN, FOR which he will pay Cash, in such note as are received on deposit in the Farmer and Mechanics Bank of Lexington.

LUKE USHER.
Lexington, May 14, 1819—20-3t if. Masonic.



A Stated meeting of Murray Lodge No. 35, will be held at the Lodge Room on Mai Street, THIS EVEN ING at Seven o'clock Punctual attendand from the members

Beaver

J. E. PEARSON, Secy. Tammany Society. MEETING of the Tammany Society, or Brethren of the Columbian Order, will held at their Wigwam, on WEDNESDAY he 19th precisely at the going down of the sun.

It is hoped that the brethren will give punctu By order of the Grand Sachem R. H. CHINN, Sec'y.

Y. D. 327. 25 Dollars Reward. LOST, on the 22d instant a pair of Saddle Bags,

Month of Flowers 19th 2

ONTAINING TAX BOOK & FEE-BILLS, Also—An Elegant Assortment of which can be of no use to any person ex-MONTAINING TAX BOOK & FEE-BILLS pt myself. I presume some person, through Wm. R. Morton & Co. Any person having them will oblige me by returning them to said store without delay.

CHARLES S. MORTON.

Lexington, April 26th, 1819-20-3t

Lexington Theatre. THIS building, large and capacious, is situated on Water and Spring-streets, and for

years past it has been occupied for theatrica displays in Lexington. It has recently receiv ed inside embellishments, to the amount thousand dollars in value.

The extent of the population of the town and neighborhood; the fine literary taste of hose who consultute theatrical audiences: the liberality of the trustees in not imposing ax on companies; and the distinguished e couragement the institution has heretofore re eived, renders Lexington, as it regards Dra matic exhibitions, the ATHENS of the wes of yielding 6 or 700 dollars a night. The undersigned, being at this time the sole proprie on reasonable terms to any genteel company clock, P. M. of the 18th, he had march-ability, and appears to deserve the pat-ronage of the liberal of all parties. An Eastern comment at Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Lexington up on their arrival, Frankfort and Louisville,—a well as at many of the smaller towns in Ohio

LUKE USHER.

Lexington, April 9, 1819-tf Eagle Powder Mills,

31 MILES SOUTH OF LEXINGTON. ON THE HICKMAN ROAD, William Roman & Tilford, Trotter & Co. UNDER THE FIRM OF

Roman, Trotter & Co. Manufacture GUN-POWDER, Which they will warrant of equal quality to any made in the United States. Orders will be punctually attended to, and forwarded.

ROMAN, TROTTER & Co. Lexington, K. May 5, 1819.-19tf The above to be published in the Predoniar Chilicothe; the Inquisitor, Cincinnati; the Published ic Advertiser, Louisville; the Sun, Vincennes, he Clarion, Nashville; the Enquirer, St. Louis, e Eagle, Maysville, two months, and their bil he forwarded to R. T. & Co.

No. 7, Cheapside. ECEIVED Vestysday, a replenishment of NEW & FASHIONABLE JEWELRY, CONSISTING OF

Elegant Curb Watch Chains Seals and Keys
Superb Paste Crosses Hair Breast Pins Rich Wound Glass Ear Drops Real Pearl do.

Amulet do. mounted with Gold
Jett, Paste, Double and Single Collar Fluted, Beaded and Plain Gold Finge

Rings
Fine and Common Gold Ear Wires &c. All of which are offered at a very small advance, by the public's humble servant,

JAMES M. PIKE.

FURS. For Sale on good terms,

24 PACKS of BEAVER Containing 1730 hounds: HIS FUR was taken on the head waters

Arkansas and White Rivers, and is of superior quality to that formerly taken on the same waters lower down, a sample of which may be seen at the House of Schree & Johnson in Lexington. Those wishing to purchas will call at the residence of the Subscriber in Mercer county, near the mouth of Dicks River. If the above furs are not disposed of privately before the 1st Monday in June, the will on that day be sold at public auction a Harrodsburg, on the public square, for ready JOHN TAYLOR.

AUCTION SALES.

By Shreve & Combs.

This Evening, at 7 o'clock, P. M. AT THEIR AUCTION ROOMS. WILL BE SOLD WITHOUT RESERVE,

WATCHES & JEWELRY,

CONSISTING OF POCHELLE'S Patent Lever Gold Watches, English double cap'd. Stop and Second English Silver do.

do. day of the month do. Plain Watches of various descriptions, Gold Chains, Seals, Keys, Ear & Finger Rings Pearl & Stone Set Breast Pins, Broaches &c. Also-A collection of

BOOKS,

Consisting of the Works of Swift, Addison, Cowley, Congreve, Akenside, Parnelle, Gay, Dyer, Savage and Phillips, Broome & Pitt, Buckingham & Landsdown, Milton, Sommer-ville, Watts, Burke, Stewart, Ossian, Campbell and many others.

Various Maps on Cloth and Rollers, Irish Quills, &c. &c.
SHREVE & COMBS,

Aucr's and Com. Merchts.

May 14, 1819.

SPRING GOODS. Holderman, Pearson & Co. A RE just receiving a handsome supply of FASHIONABLE GOODS, which they of-

fer for sale on liberal conditions, Consisting in part of Shoes, Kid, Prunelle & Fancy Muslins Insertion ditto Morocco
Worked Flounces, Superfine Blue & Black Canton Crapes Do. CASIMERES, va-Crape Shawls, Bonnets, Leghorn & rious colors Blue and Yellow NAN Straw

Misses Gimp ditto Misses Gimp ditto KEENS, Gloves, Silk, Kid & Silks and Sattens French Paper Hangings &c. &c.

Rich Jewelry, Silver-Work, Watches &c.

S. BRADFOD, AS the pleasure of informing the Ladies and Gentlemen of Lexington, and its vicinity, that he has just opened (opposite the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank) an elegant assortment of

Rich Jewelry,

CONSISTING OF Fine Pearl, Paste, Jett and Emerald Ear Rings Bracelets, Breast Pins and Finger Rings, Gold, Amulett and Jett Necklaces, Toilette Boxes and Ridicules, of superior quality to any former importations
Ladies' and Gentlemens' Fine and Common Gold Watch Chains, Seals, and Keys
Gentlemens' Steel do. do. do.

SILVER WORK, Of every description, Manufactured on the shortest notice, and warranted not inferior to any heretofore made in the western country Orders from a distance for any description

of Silver Work, punctually attended to. The highest price in Cash given for OLD SILVER. Lexington, April 30.—18tf ATTENTION!!

COURT OF ASSESSMENT. CALL court for the assessment of fines for the 42d Regt. will be held at Benj. phear's Tavern, in Lexington, on Satura day 15th of May next, for the purpose of us-sessing fines in Capt. Hamilton Atchingon's company, which was omitted through mistake at the last court of assessment, held on the last Monday in November, 1813, any member of said company feeling himself aggreed, can apply to the court of assessment on that By order of the court of appeals,

R. B. PARKER, capt.
And prest. of the court of assessment

Sixty fine Stall Fed BEEVES, For Sale. Apply to

E. WARFIELD.

Tobacco, Segars & Snuff, FOR SALE. THE subscriber has on hand a quantity of the above articles of the best quality, which he will sell low for Cash. He still continues to carry on the TOBACCO MANUFACTURING business in all its branches, on Upper-street, three doors above Church alley.
Orders for the above articles will be thank-

fully received, and punctually attended to.
BENJ. LOTSPEICH. May 4th, 1819——19tf

NEW SHOES. C. P. Butler, Has Just Received from Philadelphia, 3 TRUNKS LADIES KID & MOROCCO

SHOES, Which with those on hand make his assort ment equal to any in the place.

Lex. May 7.—19-if.

Just Received, and for Sale by 25 BELS. BROWN SUGAR, 4 do. Cog. BRANDY, 4 do. H. GIN,

24 PIPES S. M. WINE, 14 Boxes containing two doz. bottles each of MADEIRA, A large quantity of American and English Patent CUT NAILS—all of which will be sold

unusually low. SHREVE & COMBS. April 13-16tf

For Sale, MERCHANDIZE,

DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, and GROCERIES,

ATELY purchased by one of the firm in A New York. Any person disposed to buy a tolerable Store for retailing, would doubtless be pleased with the prices, &c. For particube pleased with the prices, &c. For particulars, apply to SIMEON BLEDSOE & Co. Cross Plains, Fayette county, April 30, 1819.tf

Copying & Engrossing. A PERSON having sufficient leisure, offers his services to copy Manuscripts, En-gross on Parchiment, Wills, Deeds, Diplomas for Masters and Batchelors, Medical Diplomas, or Doctorates, with accuracy and dis-

patch. Apply to SHREVE & COMBS.

Blank Warrants, FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE



LINES, Written during a morning excursion, on a distant view of "WALNUT GROVE," the residence of Mr. D. HALSTEAD, near Lexington.

Awake my Lyre! attune each string, And notes of softest cadence sing: For sweet 'Retirement,' blest by love, Has chose her seat in 'WALNUT GROVE; Where, oft by Sol's declining ray, From bus'ness free, I love to stray, Among the tall embow'ring trees, Wav'd by the cooling ev'ning breeze: Where all the varied feather'd throng, Meladious trill their notes of song, 'Till Cynthia, from the god of day, Reflects her bright translucent ray: And twilight's soft and balmy dews, Their rich and fragrant sweets diffuse. There, too, I've seen affection's pow'r In friendship's sweet and social hour, While youthful beauty's placid smile, Would oft the cares of life beguile; "Till the lone house clock's tinkling chime Proclaim'd the lapse of fleeting time: And bid those eyes, with pleasure bright, Prepare to bid a kind good night. And thus may friendship, virtue, love. Forever dwell in ' WALNUT GROVE.' KENTUCKY BARD.

They may rail at this life.

BY T. MOORE. They may rail at this life-from the hour began it
I've found it a life full of kindness and bliss;

And until they can shew me some happier More social and bright, I'll content me with

As long as the world has such eloquent eyes, As before me this moment enraptured I see They may say what they will of their orbs in the skies, But this earth is the planet for you, love, & me

In Mercury's star, where each moment can bring them

New sunshine and wit from the fountain on

high,
Though the nymphs may have livelier poets to sing them, They've none, even there, more enamour'd than I.

And, as long as this harp can be wakened to And that eye its divine inspiration shall be They may talk as they will of their Edens

above, But this earth is the planet for you, love, & me. In the star of the west, by whose shadowy

splendor,
At twilight so often we've roam'd through
the dew,
There are maidens, perhaps, who have bosoms as tender. And look, in their twilights, as lovely as you.

But, though they were even more bright than of that isle they inhabit in the heaven-blue

As I never these fair young celestials have seen Why-this earth is the planet for you, love, and me. As for those chilly orbs on the verge of creation

Whose sunshine and smiles must be equally

here,
If the haters of peace, of affection and glee,
Were to fly uy to Saturn's cold comfortless

A large as:

A large as: Sphere, And leave earth to such spirits as you, love,

and me.

ANECDOTE-FACT.

A very genteel, impudent looking young man was seen to enter a church in time of service-he paused at the entrance-the congregation stared-he advanced a few steps, and deliberately surveying the whole assembly, commenced a slow march up the broad aisle-not al pew was opened—the audience were too busy for civility-he wheeled, and in the same manner performed a march, stepping, as if to Roslin Castle, or the dead march in Saul, and disappeared. A few moments after, he re-entered with a huge block upon his shoulders, as heawy as he could well stagger under-his countenance was immoveable-again the good people stared, and half rose from their seats, with their books in their hands. At length, he placed the block in the very centre of the principal passage, and seated himself upon it. Then, for the first time, the reproach was felt! Every pew door in the house was instant ly flung open! But no-the stranger was a gentleman-he came not there for disturbance-he moved not-smiled not; but preserved the utmost decorum, until the service was concluded, when he deliberately shouldered his block, and to the same slow step, bore it off, and replaced it where he had found

The congregation is now, the most polite and attentive to strangers, of any in America .- Balt. Tel.

Royal Munificence .- A gentleman in Massachusetts, lately sent King Henry, St. Domingo, one of Collin's elegans super royal quarto bibles. The present was gratefully received, and a few days after the gentleman received from the King a letter of thanks, enclosing a draft for six thousand dollars.

SEASONABLE ADVICE. Take away your expensive follies, and you will have little reason to complain of Hard Times.

Superb Pearl Ornaments, CONSISTING OF NEW AND FASHIONABLE Head Ornaments, Lockets, Broaches and Breast-Pins, just received by JAMES M. PIKE,

No. 7, CHEAPSIDE, WHICH for richness and elegance, never have been equalled by any former im portations; the name to call and examine them.

Lex. April 9th—tf portations; the ladies are respectfuly invited

CINCINNATI PORTER. JUST received from the Brewery of Messrs Perry & Raily, Cincinnati, a supply of Very Superior Porter, WHICH is offered for sale to retailers or my usual moderate terms, and shall receive from time to time an additional supply W. CONNELL.

April 9, 1819-tf N. B. Any orders for bottled Porter sent from the country, will be strictly attended to after the first of May.

Sebree & Johnsons,

CORNER OF MAIN & MILL STREETS, Acarly opposite the Branch Bank of the U.S.)

AVE just opened, and will constantly keep
on hand, for sale, either by retail or whole-DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES.

CONSISTING OF-BROAD CLOTHS, | NEGRO CLOTHS, BLANKET'S, HARD-WARE, CASSIMERES, CASSINETS, SATTINETS, NAILS of every des KERSEYS, cription, &c. &c.
They will also keep a constant supply of
BANK, PRINTING, WRITING, LETTER,
and WRAPPING PAPER.

Orders from any part of the country will be bromptly attended to.

Lexington, Jan. 1, 1819—tf New & Cheap Goods, OPPOSITE THE OLD MARKET HOUSE.

THE subscribers have just opened an elegant and complete assortment of MERCHANDIZE, which they will sell at their usual reduced p

ces, for cash. A few of the articles of which the stock consists, are Super blue, black and fancy coloured broad do do do do pelisse do

Spotted ratinets, casimeres, flannels and Salisbury flannels
Black, blue, orange, scarlet, green and brown,
plain and twilled bombazetts e and point blankets

Irish linens and sheetings Steam loom and cambrick shirtings Bilk, cotton and worsted hose, and every description of fancy articles
An extensive variety of black and colored morocco boots and shoes, for ladies, and

oots for gentlemen Together with an entire assortment of Li erpool ware. GEO. TROTTER & SON. Jan. 15-tf

Just Received, 20 BOXES of REAL MUSCATEL RAI SINS, in fine order.

ARCAMBAL & NOUVEL. Lex. April 23.-17

HARD-WARE, To the amount of about \$10,000, well selected, for sale on a credit of 12 months,

At a low advance, by

J. P. SCHATZELL, Main street, Lexington

Lexington, Jan. 1, 1819-tf NEW GOODS. Arcambal & Nouvel.

Main street, fronting the Old Market Place. AVE just received their fall supply, con sisting of London superfine and common Cloths and Cassimeres; Rose, Point and Duffil Blankets; Flannels, Coatings, Sattinetts, Stock ingnett, Velvet Cord, Worsted Shirts and Drawers, Swandown and Toilinett Vesting Irish Linens, Steam Loom and Cambrick Shirt ings; 3.4, 6.4, 8.4 and 10.4 Irish Diapers Pelisse Cloths, Plush and Merino Trimmings Did they want a supply of cold hearts for that station,

Bombazetts, Salsbury Flannels, Domestic Plaids; Damask, Imitation, and Waterloo Shawls; Flag and Bandanna Bandkerchiefs, Merino nett Shawls, Silk Umbrellas, fine and common Morocco Shoes, black and colored Princella ditto Ladies and Colore Prunelle ditto; Ladies' and Gentlemen's furred

A large assortment of DELF.WARE, WARD-WARE, GROCERIES and PAPER LANGINGS.

qr. casks 4th proof Cogniac Brandy do. do. L. P. Madeira Wine. Lex. Dec. 25, 1818-tf

Wm. R. Morton, & Co. In the Corner House near the Public Square formerly occupied by W. Essex)

AVE on hand, a large assortment of MERCHANDIZE, consisting of all the various articles of the latest fashions in the

DRY GOODS LINE, GROCERIES, of the best quality, AND EVERY VARIETY OF

HARD, GLASS, CHINA & QUEENS

WARE.

Also, best manufactured

PITTSBURGH NAILS, SUGAR, COFFEE, TEAS & LIQUORS, AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

All of which will be sold on the best terms Lexington, Jan. 1, 1819-tf

Notice. HE subscribers having rented Mr. Hart's Rope Walk for a term of years, with the intention of carrying on the

Rope-Making Business, In all its various branches, they will give the highest price in CASH for HEMB, delivered at said Walk, where BALE ROPE, CABLES and TARRED ROPE, of all descriptions, may be had on the shortest notice, war-ranted of equal quality to any manufactured in the United States. They wish to purchase a quantity of TAR. MORRISON & BRUCE.

Lexington, Jan. 15, 1819-tf Hope Powder Mills, One mile west of Lexington, on the Woodfor. Road.

JOSEPH & GEORGE BOSWELL, AVE entered into Co-Partnershi with SPENCER COOPER, for the puranufacturing GUN-POWDER, ut r the

SPENCER COOPER & CO. Who will keep a constant supply of Gun-owder, equal to any made in the United States

nd will sell on as good terms.

All orders will be strictly attended to, and they will continue to give the highest price for SALT-PETRE, delivered at J. & G. Bos-well's Store, on Cheapside, Lexington, or at the store of the

SPENCER COOPER & CO. Jan. 1, 1819-tf

Select Female Academy. EDWARD CASSIDY

RESPECTFULLY informs the inhabitants of Lexington and its vicinity, that he will open the above institution on Monday the 26th in the house, corner of Main and Upper streets, formerly occupied by Mr. Thos. Essex, for the reception of Young Ladies, (the number to be limited to 30) in the following branches, viz:

Reading, on Walker's | Geography, ancient & principles, Analytic Penmanship, Arithmetic, English Grammar, embracing punctuation, & Astronomy, Composition,

Chronology, History, Stereography, and Use of the Globes.

Terms. - \$50 per annum, or \$25 per sessio E. C. forbears to speak of his own abilitie s a teacher, or to recommend himself to the ablic through the medium of an advertis ment, but hopes his experience and success a female tutor, will insure him the patronag f an enlightened public. The object of this astitution will be, to give the solid endownents of a useful education, and not to instil other principles than those of morality, and what the influence of a benign religion incul-

Lexington, April 21st, 1819-17-14t Land For Sale.

THE Subscriber will sell a Section of first a rate land, lying near new Lexington, in the tate of Indiana. There are several small mprovements on the tract, and a fine flush reck runs through it.—There are also sever-l first rate springs. Hence it is most admi-bly calculated for both farming and raising of

Also, a quarter section of the same quality of land without improvement, lying still nearer to the said town. Also, a quarter section lying between Rip ey Court House and the town of Madison

The foregoing tracts will be sold on a credt of two years, the purchaser or purchasers giving bond and approved security, On the first mentioned tract there is a good improve-

ment and a first rate spring.

Enquire of the Subscriber, living in Lexington, Ky. or of Henry Thornton Esq. of Madison, Indiana. SAMUEL MAXWELL.

March 26,-13.-8t* By the President of the U. States,

HEREAS, by an act of Congress, passed on the 3d of March, 1815, entitled "An act to provide for the ascertaining and surveying of the boundary lines fixed by the treat with the Creek Indians, and for other purposes," the President of the United States is an aid treaty to be offered for sale, when sur-

Therefore, I, James Monroe, President of he United States, do hereby declare and make mown, that public sales for the disposal (a reeably to law) of certain lands in the terri ory of Alabama, shall be held at Huntsville, in aid territory, as follows:

On the first Monday in July next, for the sale of townships 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14, in ranges 1 and 2, west—9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14, in range 1, east—9, 11, 12 and 14, in range 2, east—12 and 13, in range 3, east—11, 12 and On the first Monday in September, for the

sale of townships 9 and 10, in range 3, west—9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20 and 21, in ranges 4 and 5, west.
On the first Monday in November, for the

sale of townships 9, 10 and 11, in ranges 6 and 7, west—9 and 10, in range 8, west—9, 10 and 11, in range 9, west—9, 10, 11 and 12, in range 0, west-9, 10, 11, 12 and 13, in range 11,

On the first Monday in January 1820, for the sale of townships 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14, in ranges 13 and 14, west—10, 11, 12, 13 and 14, in range 15, west—11, 12, 13 and 14, in range 16, west—12 and 13, in range 17, west.

And sales shall be held at Cahaba, in the aid territory, on the first Monday in Augus next, for the sale of townships 9, 10, 11, 1 13, 14 and 15, in range 5—9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15 and 16, in range 6—11, in range 7—10 and 11, in range 9—8, 9, 10 and 11, in ranges 10 and 11—9, 10 and 11, in range 12. Excepting such lands as have been, or shall be, reserved according to law, for the use of subsole and numerical order.

Given under my hand, at the City of Washington, this 20th day of March, 1819.

JAMES MONROE. By the President, JOSIAH MEIGS,

Commissioner of the General Land Office.

Printers of Newspapers who are authorsed to publish the laws of the United States. vill insert the above once a week till the 1s of January next.

House to Rent.

Rent or Lease for a term of years, a two story House, two doors below the Gazette Office, at preset occupied by James M. Pike. Possession can be given the 12th March. For further particulars, apply to M. FISHEL.

February 26th, 1819-tf

HEMP.

THE MIGHEST PRICE CASH IN HAND, Given for Hemp, Delivered at the Rope Walk formerly the property of James Kerns, dec'd on Water-street. HENRY WATT.

Lexington, February 5, 1819-tf A Runaway in Jail.

WAS committed to my custody on the 19th inst, as a run away, a NEGRO MAN called LEWIS, of the following description: he is near 30 years old, nice made, about feet 10; his colour is that of a dark mulatto ound, full, smooth face, with whiskers, lon proad, sharp nose, a lively eye and small eye grows, low forehead and short negro hair, has an agreeable voice, speaks quick, and intellient; has a brown surtout, grey linsey coat nd overhalls, one black satten and two striped swansdown vests, a white fur hat, and good shoes, and is a shoe-maker. He says that he belongs to the estate of Da-

vid Batey, decd. in Davidson county, Tennes see; that he was hired to Robert Johnston, a bout five miles south from Nashville, from whom he ran away on the 14th inst. with a white man by the name of Robert Black, (with whom he was apprehended in Lexington.)

The Negro claims two Mares of the following description: one is a BAY, 14 hands high 4 years old, a white curion each fore leg, show efore; the other a SORREL, 9 or 10 years ld, same height of the bay, with a star and me white specks in her face and on her nea w, no shoes on; they are at Keen's stable letter has been directed to Mr. Johnston out the uncertainty of the Negro's statements

N. PEENTISS, Jailor F.C. Lexington, April 30, 1819—18.3 N. B It is possible that the printers at Nash-ille might oblige their friend, by giving the beve one or two insertions.

M'Quie's Tobacco.

AVING been fully apprised that Tobacco of very inferior quality, not manufactured by us, has frequently been sold under our name, thereby tending to the injury of the reputation of our own manufacture—We, therefore, in justice to ourselves, hereby make it known that we have resolved effectually to warrant the quality of all the manufacture. Tobacco which we put into market; and a we do nositively hold currents responsible. we do positively hold ourselves responsible for the quality of our Tobacco, we shall, of course, have none sold (if we regard our interest) which is not good—as we trust, that from a fair and candid comparison, it will be found equal, if not superior, to any manufactured in the United States.

May 26, 1818-[Jan.1, 1819-tf] State of Kentucky:

FAYETTE CIRCUIT Ser .- March Term, 1819. William Ellis,-Complainant, AGAINST John Gosney, William Gosney, Prichard Gos

ney, James Gosney, Asa Chapman and Sally, his wife, Asa Lion and Nancy his wife, Fielding Gosney and Willis Ashby and Polly his wife heirs of William Gosney deceased.—De-IN CHANCERY.

HIS day came the complainant aforesaid by his counsel and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the said Defend ant Fielding Gosney is not an inhabitant o his Commonwealth, and he having failed to nter his appearance herein agreeably to law and the rules of this Court. On the motion f the said complainant by his Counsel, it is redered that unless the said Defendant, Fieldg Gosney do appear here on or before the enth day of our next June Term and answer he complainant's bill, the same will be taken or confessed against him, and it is further rdered that a copy of this order be inserted a some authorized News Paper published in his state for two months successively.

A copy att.
THOS. BODLEY, C. F. C. C. March, 26,-13-8t

State of Kentucky, Madison Circuit, Sct.-March Term, 1819 Green Clay, Complainant.

Henry Laughlin's beirs &c. Defendants.
IN CHANCERY.

THIS day came the complainant by his counsel, and with leave of the court, filed an wore to his bill of reviver herein-And it ap earing to the satisfaction of the court, tha ne defendants Robert Lackey, William Don lass, and the unknown heirs of Isabella Douss his wife, Henry Laughlin, Charles Laugh John Laughlin, Joseph Clay, Matthew y, Amanda Clay, Bryant Oneal, Robert nes, Henry Carnes, Alexander Carnes ph Carnes, John Carnes, Robert Walkup nd Polly his wife, are no inhabitants of th mmonwealth, they having failed to enter eir appearance herein and file their answers mplainant's bill agreeable to law an he rules of this court : on motion of the com lainant by his counsel, it is ordered that uness said nonresidents, enter their appearance aerein, and file their answers to the complainnt's bill, on or before the first day of our next one term, the same will be taken as confessagainst them. And it is further ordered at a copy of this order, be inserted in some uthorised newspaper printed in this state for o months succe

A Copy. Test. DAVID IRVINE, c. m. c. c April 2-14-9t*

State of Kentucky, Madison Cincuit, Sct.—March Term, 1819 Green Clay, Complainant.

Against Samuel Estill, &c. Defendants. IN CHANCERY. THIS day came the complainant by his coun

sel, and it appearing to the satisfaction of court, that the defendant Charles Lee, is no inhabitant of this commonwealth, and he having failed to enter his appearance herein On motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered, that unless the said Charles Lee, do on or before the first day of our next June term of this court, enter his appearance herein and file his answer to the complainant's bill, that the same will be taken for confessed against him. And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be inserted in some authored newspaper printed in this state for two months successively.

A Copy. Test. DAVID IRVINE, c. m. c. c.
April 2—14-9t*

State of Kentucky, Madison Cincuit, Sct.-March Term, 1819. Robert Lackey, Complainant.

Henry Laughlin's heirs, &c. Defendants.
IN CHANCERY.

HIS day came the complainant by his counsel, and with leave of the court, filed and swore to his bill of reviever herein—And n motion of the complainant, and it appear ing to the satisfaction of the court, that the de fendants Robert Walkup, and the unknown eirs of Isabella Douglass, are not inhabitants of this commonwealth, they having failed to bill, agreeable to law and the rules of this court, it is ordered that unless the said absent defendants do appear here, on or before the first day of our next June term, and file their answers herein, that the same will be taken as confessed against them. And it is further orlered, that a copy of this order be inserted in some authorised newspaper for two months

A Copy. Test. DAVID IRVINE, c. m. c. c. April 2-14-9t* State of Kentucky,

Madison Cincuit, Sci -March Term, 1819 Green Clay, Complainant,

Richard Gentry &c., Defendants, IN CHANCERY.

THIS day came the complainant by his cour sel, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendants, John Mitchell, and Margaret Mitchell his wife, late Margaret Gass, James Hauris and Susannah Harris his wife, late Susannah Gass, heirs of David Gass, decd. and Andrew Crockett, are not in thabitants of this commonwealth; and they having failed to enter their appearance here in agreeably to law and the rules of this court on motion of the complainant by his attorney it is ordered, that unless said non-residents de ppear here on or before the first day of our ext June term of this court, and file their answers to the complainant's bill, that the same will be taken for confessed against them; and it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be inserted in some authorised newspa er printed in this state for two months suc cessively. A copy. Teste,
April 2-14-9. DAVID IRVINE, c. m. c.

An Apprentice Wanted: A YOUNG MAN who is a good English scholar, would be taken to learn the Art of Printing. Enquire at the office of the Kentucky Gazette.

PRINTING OF EVERY DESCRIPTIONON, Done at the Gazette Office.

United States of America, Seventh Circuit Court, 3 sct.

Kentucky District. November Term, 1818.

Alexander Cranston & Co.-compts. against John P. Schatzell, &c .- defis.

IN CHANCERY. JOHN H. HANNA, Clerk of the Seventh Circuit Court of the United States in and for the District of Kentucky, do hereby certify that the order of injunction awarded herein restraining the defendant Schatzell from di posing of the effects of the Firm of J. P. Schat zell & Co. was at the present term rescinded and that the said John P. Schatzell has bee invested with power and authority to receiv and collect all money due to the said firm of J. P. Schatzell & Co. and John P. Schatzell and to settle and adjust all accounts which re-late to the partnership.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto

subscribed my name, and affixed the L. S. seal of said Court—this 22d day of December 1818, and of the Independence of the United States the 43d.

JOHN H. HANNA.

NOTICE.

A LL persons indebted to J. P. Schatzell, or the late Firm of J. P. Schatzell & Co. are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber, who alone is authorized to receive the same. Those to whom said firms stand indebted will also please to apply to him for settlement.

J. P. SCHATZELL.

Lexington, Jan. 1, 1819.-tf

The Editors of the Nashville Whig, Louis ville Courier, Natchez Republican, New Or-leans Gazette, Charleston S. C. City Gazette, New York Mercantile Advertiser, Rell's Phi-ladelphia Gazette, & Augusta (Geo.) Chronicle, are requested to insert the above advertisement three times and forward their accounts to the Kentucky Gasette Office for payment.

Thomas Essex & Co. BOOKBINDERS & STATIONERS, RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public that they have removed their establishment next door to the store now oc cupied by Messrs. Holderman, Pearson & Co opposite the court house, on Main street, where they will constantly keep on hand-Blank Books, of every description. Banks Public Offices and Merchants, can be supplied with every thing in their line, on the best terms and on the shortest notice. They have now for sale a quantity of Writing and Wrapping Paper, School Books, &c.

N. B .- A first rate Workman, well recommended, will meet with liberal wages and constant employ by applying as above.

March 19-12tf

For Sale or to Rent, A COTTON FACTORY, Containing 108 Spindles & 3 Carding Machines WITH every necessary appurtenance, all in good order and ready for immediate business. This property is fitted up in a good brick house, located in a valuable and convenient part of the town, and will be sold sepa rately or with the house to suit the purchaser. Terms liberal, both as to price and time of payment: and we believe, that we can assert vithout presumption, that no place in Kentucky would better support an establishment of its size than Versailles, where there is a regular and increasing demand for Cotton Yarns. Apply to

R. & W. B. LONG. Versailles, Feb. 5-tf



To stand this season at the Hatel Stables in Lexington,

SWEEPER,

A LARGE fine Roan or Iron Grey stallion rising eight years old, who made his two first soasons in Lincoln county, the third at this place, and the fourth in Bourbon county; his tock bids fair to be valuable. He will be let to mares at Ten Dollars the season, a promissory note payable on or before the 25th December next, or Eight Dollars when the mare is put. This price is higher than what he has ever stood at before, but from the appearance

PEDIGREE. SWEEPER was got by Piomingo, who was got by Rockingham; Rockingham was taken from the British in the Revolutionary war, and when twenty-four years old was sold for two thousand four hundred dollars; the purchaser notwithstanding this high price, made a fortune by him. Sweeper's dam was by old Sportsman, a very fine horse also. Sweeper

season to end the 10th of July.
WILLIAM T. BANTON. Lexington, April, 1819.-17-4t

Notice.

TESSRS. Robert Lackey, William Doug-lass and the unknown heirs of Isabella Douglass his wife, Henry Laughlin, Charles Laughlin, John Laughlin, Polley Laughlin, John Henderson and Polley his wife, Joseph Clay, Matthew Clay, Amanda Clay, Bry. ant Oneal, Robert Carnes, Henry Carnes, Ralph Carnes, Alexander Carnes, Robert Walkup and Polley his wife, I shall attend at Madison Court-house on the thirty first day of May, 1819, to take the depositions of Rot. Caldwell, John Crook and others, to be read as evidence on the trial of the suit in Chance-ry I have against you in the Madison Circuit Court, and shall adjourn on said day from day to day if necessary, until the said business is

GREEN CLAY. April 15, 1819-17-6t

Notice. ESSRS. Robert Walkup and Polley his wife, and the unknown heirs of Isabella Douglass, Henry Laughlin, Charles Laughlin, John, Laughlin, Joseph Clay, Matthew Clay, Amanda Clay, Bryant Oneal, Robert Carnes, Henry Carnes, Ralph Carnes, Alexander Carnes, John Henderson and Polley his wife and the unknown heirs of Thomas Shores decd. I shall attend at Madison Court-house on the thirty first day of May, 1819, to take the depositions of Robert Caldwell, John Crook and others, to be read as evidence on the trial of the suit in Chancery I have against you in the Madison Circuit Court, and shall adjourn on said day if necessary, from day to day until the said business is finished. ROBERT LACKEY.
April 15, 1819—17-6t

Woodford County, Set. MAREN UP by John Graves, of said counon the waters of Clear creek, near Clear freek Meeting-house, a BAY MARE, supposed to be 8 years old, about 14 hands high, nearly blind, a star in her forehead, and small snip on her nose, both hind feet white, and a part of her left fore foot, no brands perceivable; appraised to \$15 before me, this 16th day of December, 1818.

18*

J. DAVIDSON, J. P.

J. DAVIDSON, J. P. A copy. Att.
JOHN M'KINNEY, Jr. c. w.c.

ENTERTAINM! T.



"DON'T GIVE UP THE SHIP."

LUKE USHER,

SIGN OF THE SHIP,

TO ESPECTFULLY informs his friends and
the public, that he still continues the
HOUSE and STABLES, at the sign of the
SHIP, in Short street, at the sign of the SHIP, in Short-street, near Limestone-street. He is determined to use every exertion to render the situation of those who shall please to favour the establishment with their custom greeable. From the experience he has had in the public line, he feels confident of giving

Lexington, March 26.-tf P. S. A few gentlemen can be accommodated with boarding.

To Joseph Beard, H. Beard, guardian of the infant heirs of Wm. Beard, dec. and attorney in fact for Joseph Beard, Lawrence Daily & Francis M. Alear, and all other persons whom it may con-

Take Notice,

HAT having applied to the County court of Fayette county, to appoint processioners under the statute in that case made and provided, to procession our land in said county, and said court having for that purpose, appointed Richard Higgins, Martin Wimore and James Craig, that we shall proceed under said appointment, with said commissioners or two of them, and the surveyor of the county, to procession the tract of land whereon we now reside, about three miles from Lexington, on reside, about three miles from Lexington, on the Hickman road, being a part of Col John Campbell's military survey of 3000 acres patented in the name of maj. Edward Ward; and also, one other tract about six miles from Lexington, between the Hickman and Clay's mill road, patented in the name of Maj. Edward Ward, and heing a part of the same military. road, patented in the name of Maj. Edward Ward, and being a part of the same military survey, and adjoining the land of Jos. Beard, and the infant heirs of William Beard, deed, on Monday the 17th day of May next, if it be a fair day, and if not, the next fair day, and continue said business from day to day until ontinue said business from day to day until the same be compleated. The said con oners on the day or days aforesaid, will meet at the residence of the undersigned, between 9 o'clock A. M. and 6 P. M. And that we shall take proof as by the act directed, under the authority of said commissioners, to per-petuate testimony of and concerning the lines and corners of said tracts of land, and to all proper and lawful acts by law allowed in such cases. CHARLES M'GOWAN,

ELIZABETH M'GOWAN, His wife, formerly Elizabeth Beard.
April 16, 1819—16-4t*



Stills For Sale. THE subscriber has on hand STILLS, of dif

ferentsizes, and of the best quality, which he will sell low for cash. He has lately received from Philadelphia a uantity of COPPER, which enables him to urnish STILLS and BOILERS, of any size, at

He also carries on the TINNING BUSINESS. STOVE PIPES, &c. also for sale.

Lexington, Jan. 1, 1819-tf For Sale,

TRACTS OF LAND,

CONTAINING 4015 4 acres each, being parts of Gen'l Clark's surveys on the Ohio, below the mouth of Tennessee.

The first begins a small distance below the mouth of Catfish creek, and its front on the Ohio terminates a small distance above the mouth of Massac creek, being part of the sur-

ser notwithstanding this high price, made a fortune by him. Sweeper's dam was by old Sportsman, a very fine horse also. Sweeper is a handsome roan or iron grey, rising eight years old, is about sixteen hands and a half high, in every respect well made, and I think one of the best brood horses I ever saw. The season to end the 10th of July.

WILLIAM T. BANTON respective surveys, of which they are parts, between parallel lines.

The title is derived directfrom Gen. Clark; the deeds on record in the Office of the Court
of Appeals in Kentucky. Apply to
LEVI HOLLINGSWORTH,

Jan. 1, 1819-1f-[ch.T.E.B.&Co.]

RAN AWAY ROM the subscriber, formerly residing near Bryan's Station, on the 6th April last, a Negro Woman Named SAL, about 26 years of age, tolerably spare made, her color approaches nearly to a brown, has lost one of her proaches nearly to a brown, has lost one of her upper fore teeth. She has been frequently in the neighborhood of a mr. Wm. Dunlap, who owns her husband. I will give a reward of 15 Dollars if apprehended in the state and lodged in jail, or 25 Dollars if apprehended out of the state. Information forwarded to me near Hardensburgh, Breckinridge county, or to Moses Monroe, in Frankfort.

April 30, 1819—19-3t WM, MONROE. State of Kentucky,
BATH CIRCUIT, Sct.—March Term, 1819. Benjamin Clark's heirs, Complainants,

Against, Robert D. Gale's heirs and others, heirs of Matthew Gale, decd. Defendants, IN CHANCERY.

T appearing to the satisfaction of this court, that Judith Gale, wife of Robert D. Gale, Valorey Gale, Elizabeth Gale, Lucy Gale, Robert Gale, heirs of Robert D. Gale, and John Gale, Matthew Gale, Mary E. Gale and Ann Gale, and they not having entered their ap-pearance herein agreeably to law and the rules of this court, are no inhabitants of this commonwealth: it is therefore ordered, that commonweath: it is therefore ordered, that unless they make their appearance herein the first day of the next term, file their answer, plea or demurrer, or otherwise the bill of the complainants will be taken for confessed against them; and it is further ordered, that copy of this order be inserted in some duly authorised newspaper two months successive-

ly. A copy. Att.
ANDREW TRUMBO, d. c. b. c. c.
April 9, 1819—2m

Blank Deeds FOR SALE AT THE OFFICE OF THE 66 Kentucky Gazette."